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Leaders send condolences

Bereaved relatives get baggage today

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Aug. 23 — Checked baggage and carry-on luggage from the Saudia L-1011 which burned at Riyadh Airport last Tuesday will be handed over to the victims' families at Jeddah Airport at 10:30 Sunday morning.

Riyadh Deputy Governor Prince Sattam led Friday prayers in Riyadh's main mosque for the souls of the 301 disaster victims. Prince Sattam is personally supervising the medical team identifying bodies so they can be delivered to their families.

The bodies of passengers and crew members from other countries are being turned over to their embassies. Prince Sattam has informed embassies that cremations may not be conducted in the Kingdom. They are not in keeping with Islamic tradition.

A complete list of the victims will not be made available for several days as identification of the bodies has not been completed. The fire's intensity and duration has hindered doctors' efforts to swiftly identify all bodies, and the flight manifest contained names of people who did not board the Lockheed jumbo jet.

One man whose name appeared on the manifest and was presumed dead telephoned authorities to say that he would be relieved to let them know that he had sold his ticket to someone else prior to boarding the plane.

Medina Governor Prince Abdul Mohsen

is visiting bereaved families to offer his condolences on behalf of King Khaled. His deputy governor and other senior officials are accompanying him.

King Khaled and Crown Prince Fahd received more cables of condolences expressing deep grief for lives of the 301 passengers crew members.

The cables came from: Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan Al-Nahyan, president of the United Arab Emirates; Sheikh Issa bin Salman Al-Khalifa, ruler of Bahrain; Sheikh Khalifa bin Hamad Al-Thani, ruler of Qatar; President Kenneth Kaunda of Zambia; King Hassan II of Morocco; President Zia ul Haq of Pakistan; President Muammar Qaddafi of Libya; President Hafiz Assad of Syria; President Elias Sarkis of Lebanon; President Masie Biyogo, chairman of the higher military council of Equatorial Guinea.

Other senders included President Aboubacar Sangoure Lamizana of Upper Volta; Sheikh Sultan bin Muhammad Al-Qasimi, ruler of Sharjah and vice-president of the UAE; Salim Hoss, Lebanese prime minister; President Shih Shagari of Nigeria; Flabib Chani, secretary general of the Organization of the Islamic Conference; Chade Klibi, secretary general of the Arab League; President Habib Bourguiba of Tunisia; President Karl Carstens of West Germany; President Muhammad Khouna Ould Heidallah of Mauritania; and Sultan Qabus ibn Said of Oman.



Sheikh Muhammad Aba Al Khail

Saudi Arabia lends Turkey \$250 million

By a Staff Writer and Wire reports

ANKARA, Aug. 23. Turkey's economic rescue program received another boost Saturday when Saudi Arabia signed an agreement to provide \$250 million of credits this year.

The credit brings to \$500 million the total Saudi Arabian aid commitment to Turkey. Last year the Saudi Development Fund extended a loan of \$250 million to help that country's troubled economy.

After the signing, Finance and National Economy Minister Sheikh Muhammad Aba-Khail said Turkey was one of the foremost Islamic countries and the loan was a sign of the importance his country attributed to it.

Solidarity among Moslem countries was needed after Israel's decision to proclaim Jerusalem as its capital city, he said.

Turkish Finance Minister Ismet Sezgin said the Saudi Arabian contribution had strengthened the bond between the two countries.

The loan, which is to be repaid within fifteen years, will be interest-free, but expenses of five per cent will be included.

Aba Al Khail flew to Ankara Friday for a two-day visit to sign the agreement. During his visit he met with Prime Minister Suleyman Demirel, and the Foreign Minister Kadiruddin Arkman. The credit will be paid in three instalments. Two will be of \$100 million each and the third and last one of \$50 million, according to Turkish Charge d'Affaires in Jeddah Yucel Guclu.

Earlier this year the Turkish finance minister visited Saudi Arabia for talks requesting immediate cash assistance and direct oil sales. He held talks with King Khaled, Prince Abdullah, second deputy prime minister, Prince Sultan, the defense minister and Aba Al Khail. At the time, the Turkish Ambassador here Fikret Barkat said he was optimistic. "Our proposals were very favorably received," he said. Though no official figures were released at the time the Turkish minister was believed to have asked for \$1 billion in credits.

Last year's loan to Turkey was the first Saudi Arabian loan and the largest pledged by the fund to any country.

The Turkish economy showed a foreign trade deficit of \$2.81 billion in 1979.

Jordan: Jihad requires immediate consultations

AMMAN, Aug. 23 (Agencies) — Jordanian Endowments Minister Kamel Al-Sharif said Crown Prince Fahd's call for a holy war to liberate Jerusalem requires immediate consultations between Arab and Islamic countries in order to be achieved.

Sharif said Saturday that the call for holy war puts Muslims and Arabs in a position of responsibility to confront the Zionist danger. The Islamic and Arab nations should go down the path of holy war with all seriousness and attention, he said. He warned of the Israeli occupation threatening Jerusalem and other holy places in the occupied land.

And the Indian government on Saturday condemned Israel's decision to make Jerusalem its permanent capital.

"The government of India has consistently held the view that Jerusalem is a part of those territories occupied by Israel which must be vacated in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the United Nations," said a statement by the External Affairs Ministry.

"The government of India has condemned the enactment by Israel of their so-called Basic Law on Jerusalem and Israeli refusal to abide by Security Council resolutions on this subject," it added.

The U.N. Security Council on Wednesday strongly censured Israel for declaring



Crown Prince Fahd Jerusalem the capital of the Zionist state. It also called on all states that have embassies in the city to withdraw them.

"India reiterates its continued support to the demand for the vacation of Areas occupied by Israel and to the restoration of the inalienable rights of the Palestinian people, including their right to a nation state in their homeland," the statement concluded.

India has consistently taken a pro-Arab stance in its foreign policy and earlier this year accorded diplomatic recognition to the Palestine Liberation Organization. It has no representation in Israel although that country maintains a consulate in Bombay.

In Peking Chinese Vice Premier Chen Muhua denounced Israel Friday for its "outrageous annexation" of Jerusalem and accused Israel of new military provocation in southern Lebanon.

"Israel should withdraw from the Arab territory it has occupied since 1967, including Jerusalem," Madame Chen said.

King sends message to Romanian leader

TAIF, Aug. 23 (SPA) — King Khaled congratulated Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu on the national day of his country. The King wished the Romanian leader good health and happiness and progress and prosperity to his people.

Arrives Aug. 25

Carrington to mend rift, Craig says

By Alan Kenney

JEDDAH, Aug. 23 — The planned visit of British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington will put the seal on the reconciliation between Saudi Arabia and Great Britain, according to the newly-returned British Ambassador.

Carrington is due to arrive in the Kingdom Aug. 25.

James Craig told Arab News that the first item on the agenda after his five-month absence is the scheduled visit. During the meeting, Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal and Lord Carrington will discuss bilateral relations and major world issues. Two outstanding issues to be discussed will concern Palestine and Afghanistan.

Craig said that since the break in relations world issues have moved on and that the meeting is intended to pick up where prior talks had left off in order to bridge the gap. "How far the talks will progress and in which direction I don't know," Craig said while sitting in his Hamra office.

However, the ambassador said that Lord Carrington's recent remarks on the Jerusalem situation were not linked necessarily to relations with Saudi Arabia. "Those remarks have been made and policy has been set since the beginning. The government doesn't recognize Jerusalem as the capital, nor does it recognize any new settlements," Craig said.

The program for the planned talks has not yet been set, but Lord Carrington will be meeting Prince Saud in Taif. In addition, Lord Carrington will attempt to meet King Khaled and Crown Prince Fahd if factors permit.

Craig returned to Jeddah Tuesday night from London formally ending the five-month break in Saudi Arabia-British diplomatic



RETURN: The arrival of James Craig, British Ambassador to the Kingdom, at his residence Tuesday night marked the resumption of full diplomatic relations between Saudi Arabia and Great Britain. relations. In addition, the Kingdom also will be reinstating its ambassador to London Sheikh Nasser Al-Manqour. The announcement that diplomatic ties would be restored came at the end of British Assistant Foreign Minister Douglas Hurd's two-day talks with

Criticism of FAA renewed over U.S.-built jet cabins

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (LAT) — The fiery deaths of all 301 persons aboard a Lockheed L-1011 in Riyadh rekindled congressional criticism Wednesday of the Federal Aviation Administration's slow pace toward improving the safety of passenger cabins of U.S.-built aircraft.

The death toll was the third highest in the history of aviation accidents, and it brought FAA administrator Langhorne M. Bond under new criticism when he appeared before a house subcommittee considering legislation to restructure his agency.

Several congressmen used the occasion, which had been scheduled weeks before the Saudia incident, to cite the need for tougher FAA standards to reduce flammability, smoke and toxic fumes for airplane interiors.

The Saudia Tristar which made an emergency return to Riyadh airport Tuesday night after fire broke out aboard did not crash, but the flames and smoke from the rapidly spreading fire made it impossible to open the doors from outside or inside.

Rep. Elliott H. Levitas, D-Ga., reminded Bond that in the last decade 1,200 persons had survived airplane crashes "only to perish" because of post-crash fires.

In that period, Levitas said, the FAA has adopted no new fire safety regulations for passenger cabins. He asked Bond what was now being done.

Bond replied that "every single aspect of the cabin safety problem is under examination" and that a committee of experts soon will deliver its findings from a year-long study. He termed it the "most vexing safety problem" his agency faces and the one that it has "shown the least progress" in solving. "We cannot just throw a rule out on the street and not justify it," Bond said.

Levitas replied, "I don't think your agency has marshaled its forces adequately to deal with this safety problem."

Rep. Norman Y. Mineta, D-Calif., chairman of the oversight and review subcommittee of the house public works and transportation committee, also criticized

Bond and the FAA for its laggard pace in improving safety standards. "My frustration is that it takes so long for something to happen," Mineta said.

"You're right Bond responded. "It has frustrated me...it's a management problem."

Mineta, who held a series of hearings earlier this summer on the problem, said he found that flammability standards for plane interiors "are modest at best and that no standards at all exist for smoke and toxic fumes given off by these materials in post-crash fire situations."

He said the FAA first became aware of the dangers of toxic fumes from burning cabin interiors in the early 1960s, "yet in that period of more than 17 years the FAA has been unable to promulgate any safety standards to deal with this problem."

The FAA also was criticized at Wednesday's hearing by a member of the National Transportation Safety board, which on Wednesday dispatched a four-member team to Riyadh at Saudi Arabia's request to aid in the investigation of the L-1011 fire.

The board member, G.H. Patrick Bursley, singled out cabin safety as one of several areas where "the FAA has not been willing to move forward with even an interim measure that might afford protection against the hazards."

The accident in Riyadh was not the first time an L-1011 has been consumed by a cabin fire. In 1974, one of the jumbo jets was virtually destroyed by a blaze that broke out in the passenger compartment while it was parked, empty of passengers and crew, at Boston airport.

That fire was mentioned last year when Lloyd Frisbee, a Lockheed vice president, testified before Mineta's subcommittee that the flammability "standards which we set for ourselves (at Lockheed) are more stringent" than those set by the FAA. He said that when improved materials become available, they are rapidly incorporated into new planes "independent of any regulatory requirement."

Work due on medical city

JEDDAH, Aug. 23 (SPA) — Work on King Abdul Aziz University's medical complex project will begin in the next two months. The project will be built in an area of 1.2 million square meters at the new King Abdul Aziz University teaching hospital. Once completed in 1985, the project will be an integrated medical complex, comprising an educational center, a basic health sciences center, another for lectures and educational sources, a research library, a dental educational center, a pharmaceutical center,

a public health unit and a library.

The teaching hospital will have 800 beds, in addition to laboratory services, clinics and emergency units.

The complex will have special facilities for student health services. The project includes housing units for doctors and students, schools and commercial centers. Several faculties — dentistry, nursing, pharmacology and basic sciences — will be moved into the complex.

Syrians ring city

10 killed in latest Tripoli clashes

BEIRUT, Aug. 23 (Agencies) — Ten persons have been killed and 20 wounded in violent clashes between rival groups in the last 24 hours in the northern Lebanese city of Tripoli, 80 kms. north of here, government radio said Saturday.

Earlier reports gave the death toll as only two, saying that the clashes, which began Wednesday, had spread to various sections of the town, paralyzing all normal activity.

The radio said Arab peacekeeping forces, composed mainly of Syrian troops, had moved large units into Tripoli in an attempt to prevent the fighting spreading. But fighting was still going on Saturday in the 200,000-inhabitant coastal town, and outgoing Premier Salim Hoss sent Health Minister Talal Merebi to the city in an effort to sort out the dispute.

Hoss and Merebi met earlier Saturday with the Arab peacekeeping force commander, Col. Sami Khatib, to discuss the new viol-

ence. Observers here still had no clues to how the fighting started or exactly who was involved. But a spokesman for the peacekeeping force Saturday blamed the fighting on "agitator elements".

In a separate effort to defuse the situation, the Lebanese daily *An Nahar* reported that peacekeeping force information director Muhammad Ghanem met Friday night with senior Fatah Palestinian group official Abu Hol.

Some reports said residents reached by telephone claimed the whole city was shuttered as warring factions battled from street to street with machine guns, rocket propelled grenades and mortars. Residents said the fighting pitted pro-Syrian militiamen against Iraqi-backed groups in the city.

Iraq and Syria expelled the diplomatic missions of each other earlier this week in an escalation of the chronic feud between the

rival wings of the Arab Socialist Baath Party that rule the two neighboring Arab states. Representatives from Yasser Arafat's Palestine Liberation Organization joined the Syrians in mediation efforts to arrange a cease-fire between the rival militias, vying for local dominance.

The Syrians have 22,000 troops in Lebanon policing a civil war armistice between the nation's right-wing Christians and an alliance of leftist Muslims and Palestinians. Recurring inter-Muslim and inter-Christian clashes plagued Lebanon over since the 19-month civil war that claimed more than 37,000 lives was smothered by Syria's military intervention in November 1976.

Meanwhile, Lebanon's state radio in Beirut reported Palestinian strongholds in Southern Lebanon came under a fresh barrage of artillery from Israeli border gunners and their rightist Christian allies along the border.

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During UNICEF tour

Kuwait receives Prince Talal

KUWAIT, Aug. 23 (SPA) — The Ruler of Kuwait Sheikh Jaber Al-Ahmad Al-Sabah received Prince Talal ibn Abdul Aziz, assistant secretary general of the United Nations Childrens Fund (UNICEF) Saturday. Their discussions involved Kuwait's aid to the Childrens Fund, and assistance from developing countries in general.

Prince Talal arrived here earlier in the day from Bahrain, where he had talks with the

Ruler, Sheikh Issa ibn Salman Al-Khalifa. Prince Talal is on a tour of Gulf states that already took him to Iraq and Qatar.

Earlier in the day, Prince Talal met Sheikh Abdul Aziz ibn Muhammad Al-Khalifa, the minister of education; Dr. Ali Fakhru, the health minister; and Ibrahim Humaidan, the country's minister of communications as well as the minister of labor and social affairs. He explained to them UNICEF's future projects

in the Gulf area and in developing countries. The talks also dealt with possibility assistance by Gulf countries to the organization.

Prince Talal will pay a one day visit to the United Arab Emirates Monday as part of his current Gulf tour. UNICEF plans to carry out several health and water projects in Pakistan and Sudan and to set up a mother and child care institute in Riyadh.

At Taif conference

Ministers to review achievements

TAIF, Aug. 23 (SPA) — The Arab interior ministers conference to be held in Taif will review achievements of the previous two conferences, hear a report on the accomplishments of the Arab Organization for Social Defense and acquaint itself with the hardships faced by the organization as a result of its movement from Cairo to Rabat.

The conference will deal mainly with the

security of Arab societies and the present challenges they are facing by means of a study of security problems in Arab states, their causes and the means to combat those problems.

The Saudi Arabian Interior Ministry has prepared this paper after conducting field studies in the Kingdom and in several other Arab states. It studied the security problems

in Arab states by distributing questionnaires to a number of personalities and other individuals concerned with social problems. The issue will be the main focus to crystallize security cooperation among Arab states as a security plan for prevention and combat of crime in cooperation with the Arab Organization for Social Defense.

The conference of academic nature is to be developed into a permanent ministerial council of Arab Interior Ministers. Meanwhile, the Organization has prepared a project on the council's regulation and its procedures.

The conference will select the time and venue for the next meeting. In the meantime, the participating states are holding consultations for coordination among themselves on further constructive cooperation, quite apart from the conference sessions. Special meetings are expected to be held among the Interior Ministers of Gulf states to discuss several security matters and to adopt measures to stop crime and eliminate its causes.

The countries participating in the forthcoming conference include Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Kuwait, Qatar, Bahrain, Tunisia, Morocco, Algeria, Sudan, Syria, Lebanon, Jordan, Somalia, Oman, Iraq, Libya, Mauritania, North Yemen, South Yemen, Djibouti and the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO).

Killers beheaded

JEDDAH, Aug. 23 (SPA) — Two confessed killers were beheaded Friday in Mecca and Abha. Statements by the Interior Ministry specified that in Mecca Saad ibn Ahmad ibn Dabis Al-Zahrani was beheaded for the premeditated murder of Abu Bakr Abdullah Al-Zahrani for having refused to stop visiting one of his women. He tried to escape after his crime, but the authorities managed to arrest him.

In Abha, a terse statement said that Nasser ibn Aed Assiri had killed Muhammad ibn Ahmad ibn Aed Assiri was beheaded Friday at Al-Bihar square.

The Interior Ministry reaffirmed that the government was keen on preserving security and deterring crime by implementing the laws ordained by God in His Holy Book.

Australian concept

Seeds to provide pasture for desert

BAHRAIN, Aug. 23 (Special) — Projects to turn Arabia's deserts into pasture are relying on seeds developed in Australia, where huge areas of the mission, which previously had been overgrazed and denuded arid rangelands are now re-grassed.

Australians have developed great expertise in specialized techniques of ploughing and seeding used for regeneration and dust-control programs.

Leading the field in regrassing is Kimberley Seeds Pty Ltd., which has already supplied seeds for desert projects in Saudi

Arabia and Kuwait. The company has also sent shipments of its seeds to Brazil and the United States.

The company can supply various types of seeds depending on the nature of the seeding program. Among the types available are all varieties of beffle grass, birdwood grass and kapok bush.

BRIEFS

Summer camps opened

JEDDAH, Aug. 23 — Eighteen summer camps opened in Mecca, Jeddah and Taif. Western Region Education Director Dr. Abdullah Al-Zayed said that SR1.3 million has been allocated for them. Apart from the usual sports activities, the camps will offer classes in English.

Expatriate regulations stated

TAIF, Aug. 23 — New regulations concerning the families of expatriates here will be issued soon according to the Deputy Interior Minister Dr. Ibrahim Al-Awaji. They will affect those serving the government and the private sector as well he said. Two more offices for the recruitment of foreign personnel will be opened in Jeddah and Dammam.

Malaria teams on tour

JEDDAH, Aug. 23 — Two mobile anti-malaria teams from the Ministry of Health are touring parts of the country. In the Southern Region, they will survey the land and instruct the people on the best ways to fight the disease and avoid contracting it. Forty thousand people will be inoculated and 3,000 houses sprayed in Jizan alone.

Dam completion scheduled

NAJRAN, Aug. 23 — The Najran dam is expected to be completed soon by the French company building it. The dam is designed to help farmers increase the acreage under cultivation. It will cost SR278 million.

Training course held

ABQAIQ, Aug. 23 (SPA) — A four-week cable maintenance session began at the Saudi Telephone Training Center here Saturday. The session is one of several courses for improving Saudi Telephone employees' skills. The sessions including cable installing courses that continue for one to two weeks. The Saudi Telephone two other training centers, besides Abqaiq's, conducting training on telephone works.

prayer times

Sunday	Mecca	Medina	Najd
Fajr	4.47	4.42	4.15
Ishraq	6.07	6.01	5.38
Dhuhr	12.30	12.30	12.01
Asr	3.53	3.59	3.28
Maghreb	6.47	6.50	6.20
Isha	8.17	8.20	7.50

WEATHER

The weather is expected to be fine in the western highlands and resort areas. Low clouds will gather in these areas, bringing possible thunderstorms that may extend to the south-western region. In other areas of the Kingdom, moderate summery weather is expected to prevail.

Winds will be northerly and moderate. They may become active in the northern region, causing sand haze.

Seas will be moderate to medium. Saturday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	39	25
Jeddah	35	30
Riyadh	40	26
Dhahran	41	27
Medina	43	29
Taif	35	25
Jizan	38	29
Qassim	41	23
Hail	38	18
Jubail	41	28
Abha	29	14



(CNA photo)

MEETING: Pan Cheng-Chiu (second from left) director of the China Youth Corps, shakes hands with Abakarcm Achowas, member of the Saudi Arabian delegation to the 1980 international culture and recreation tour to Taiwan, Republic of China.

Rice named after developer

JEDDAH, Aug. 23 (CNA) — Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Sheikh, Saudi Minister of Agriculture and Water, has given his approval to naming Hassawi No. 1 a new red rice variety developed by a Chinese agricultural mission in the Kingdom.

He also approved of the naming of three new watermelon varieties also developed by the mission Hass No. 1, Hass No. 2 and Hass No. 3 respectively.

Hassawi No. 1 is a hybrid between the local red rice variety of Hassawi and Ai Chao Chien, a dwarf, high-yield white rice variety developed in Taiwan.

The successful development of Hassawi

No. 1 was announced by Prof. Lin Cheng-i, leader of the mission, at a farming demonstration last year, and some 100 farmers in the Hofuf area in eastern Saudi Arabia are planting the rice with the mission's technical assistance.

The three watermelon varieties were also developed by the Chinese mission in the Hofuf area where many attempts by local farmers to grow the fruit had failed before the introduction of the new varieties.

Hass No. 1 is a seedless, red-flesh variety; Hass No. 2 is a yellow-flesh variety with yellow flesh.

Farmers in the Hofuf area have begun growing the melons.

ACMEL LINES

Acmel Lines have decided to introduce from Monday 18-8-1980 for containers discharged in Dammam the following deposits and demurrage charges.

DEPOSITS FOR EQUIPMENT DETENTION, DAMAGE OR CLEANING-CHARGES:

CARRIERS — HOULAGE:

SAR. 1,000 per container/Trailer, with a maximum of SAR. 10,000 per B/L per consignee stop in case drop-off at merchant's premises pre-arranged with carrier, the deposits will be SAR. 3,000 per container with a maximum of SAR. 30,000 per B/L per consignee stop for Tank or Reefer container no drop-off allowed.

MERCHANT — HAULAGE:

SAR. 3,000 per container/trailer, with a maximum of SAR. 30,000 per B/L per consignee stop for Tank or Reefer Container no merchant haulage allowed.

The above deposits will be refunded within 7 calendar days after return of container/trailer to carrier's terminal, after deduction from this deposit of any amounts due on account of detention or damage arisen during the time the container/trailer was under merchant's control and cleaning costs, if any.

DETENTION — CHARGES:

All containers must be returned empty to the furnishing carrier not later than (15) calendar days after discharge of the container from the vessel, failing which, to count from the 16th (sixteenth) day 08.00 a.m following equipment detention-charges will apply:

	20FT	PER DAY 40FT
CLOSED, OPEN-TOP CONTAINER OR FLAT RACK	SAR. 50/=	SAR. 100/=
FLAT BED TRAILER	SAR. 100/=	SAR. 100/=
TANK CONTAINER	SAR. 65/=	SAR. 130/=
REEFER CONTAINER	SAR. 100/=	SAR. 200/=

CARRIER — HAULAGE:

Free time for unstuffing of containers at merchant's premises 6 working hours, whereafter per truck/trailer unit SAR. 150 per hour or part thereof will be applicable.

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Announcement

ALBELAD ESTABLISHMENT FOR ELECTRONICS announces that their employee **SHEIKH BASHIR AHMED SHEIKH MOHAMMED ARJUMAND** has lost his Pakistani passport no AD-020309.

Anyone who finds same is kindly requested to hand it over to this Establishment or the Embassy of Pakistan in Jeddah.

Billy's affair

Arab-Americans criticize Jewish adviser involvement

Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22 — Arab-Americans have expressed serious concern over the involvement of President Carter's Jewish Affairs Adviser Alfred Moses in White House deliberations on the Billy Carter affair. The National Association of Arab Americans (NAAA) has questioned the propriety of Moses' involvement on the grounds that "much of the hostility to Billy Carter's ties to Libya ... has come from American Jews upset by Libyan President Muammar Qaddafi's militant anti-Zionism."

In a recent letter to White House Counsel Lloyd Cutler, the NAAA said "We believe that Moses' involvement in this issue suggests a conflict of interest." The NAAA noted that "Arab Americans are sensitive to the excessive impact of domestic political considerations on American Middle East policy." This impact, it said, was "epitomized by special access to the president of a staff aide representing American Jews."

The NAAA, which represents the political and social interests of some two million Arab Americans, has long objected to the existence of a "special voice of the Jewish community in the White House."

The group has held that as long as such a post exists, the White House should create a comparable position for an Arab-American affairs adviser. While the White House has promised an "open-door policy" with regard to the Arab American community, it has not acted on the NAAA's request for a special adviser to the president. In its letter to Cutler, the NAAA said: "In the light of the complexity of the U.S.-Libyan relationship and of the negative interest in that relationship demonstrated by the Jewish community, NAAA questions the propriety of the President's adviser on Jewish affairs' being actively involved in this issue."

"As the correspondence record shows, we have expressed our view to the White House that Moses' post is undemocratic and adds yet another barrier to equal access by Arab Americans concerning American Middle East policy."

But Billy Carter testified Thursday that he told Libyans from the start of his dealings with them that he had no influence on U.S. policy and said he never asked his brother, the president, to do anything for Libya.

"Furthermore, the Libyans have not asked me to ask anything of the president or of any representative of the U.S. government," Carter told a special Senate judiciary investigating committee. "I never asked my brother to do anything for the benefit of Libya," he said. "I also know that he would not do it even if I

had been foolish enough to try, which I wasn't."

Billy Carter also testified that the president never passed any inside information to him, and said he was not tipped off that U.S. intelligence had learned he had received \$220,000 from Libya.

The president's brother insisted the \$220,000 was part of a \$500,000 loan from Libya, and not a foreign agents' fee.

Sensors investigating Billy Carter's links with the Libyan Jamahiriyah have been unable to pinpoint any evidence of impropriety or illegal actions after two days of questioning.

U.S. troops to use Somali naval, air base facilities

By Bob Lebling
Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 — Somalia and the United States have signed an agreement here granting American troops access to Somali naval and air bases in exchange for \$45 million in U.S. aid to the strategically important east African state.

The accord is the third such agreement the Carter administration has reached this year with countries in the Gulf and Indian Ocean region, and is a key element in the president's strategy of building up the U.S. military presence in the area.

The other military access agreements are

with Oman and Kenya.

Under the accord signed Friday by U.S. and Somali negotiators, American forces will be able to use the port at Mogadishu and the Soviet-built naval and air facilities at Berbera.

Units from the new U.S. Rapid Deployment Force (RDF) would use these facilities, as well as those in Oman and Kenya, in the event of a crisis in the oil-rich Gulf, defense sources said.

For its part, Somalia will receive \$20 million in U.S. military sales credits this year, and an equal amount next year, plus five million dollars of budgetary support in 1981.

Mideast briefs

BONN (AP) — The Palestine Liberation Organization has offered to fly tens of thousands of Palestinians back to Lebanon from West Germany, where they came during the Lebanese civil war of 1976. The West German government declined the offer.

JERUSALEM (R) — Israeli security forces said Saturday that they had demolished the house of an Arab villager in the occupied West Bank. The announcement said Muhammad Ibrahim Abu Ali, 24, of Yatta village south of Hebron was involved in a widespread disturbances.

KUWAIT (AFP) — The Palestine Liberation Organization has decided to implement obligatory military service for all Palestinians, the Kuwaiti daily "As-Siassa" reported Saturday. Military service, already obligatory for students and workers,

will be extended to all Palestinians old enough to carry a gun, the paper said.

HONG KONG (R) — China Friday criticized Israel for pursuing a policy of aggression and expansion in the Middle East. The new China News Agency quoted vice-premier Chen Muhua as saying at a Peking banquet for a visiting Palestinian delegation that China "resolutely condemns Israel's policy of aggression and expansion and denounces superpower expansion and contention in the Middle East at the expense of the interests of the Arab and Palestinian people."

DUBAI (AFP) — Parliamentary delegation from the United Arab Emirates left here Friday for Damascus where it will participate in meetings of the Arab parliamentary union, the Gulf News Agency said Saturday.

Haq accused of inflaming sectarian differences



Zia-ul-Haq

KARACHI, Aug. 23 (R) — Leaders of Pakistan's National Democratic Party (NDP) Saturday accused military ruler Gen. Zia-ul-Haq of inflaming sectarian differences among the country's Muslims to maintain his authoritarian grip on Pakistan. The party's National Executive Committee, meeting in defiance of the military government's ban on political activity, said Gen. Zia had used Islam to destroy the democratic and social rights of Pakistanis.

Simultaneously he had encouraged sectarian differences which now posed an alarming threat to the unity of the country, the committee said in a statement.

The NDP, which has a large following in the North West frontier province and Baluchistan, said that Gen. Zia by three times cancelling general elections he had promised was paving the way for a perpetual army dictatorship.

The party accused the military government of corruption, of supporting unnecessary brutality by the police and of allowing Pakistan to become enmeshed in superpower rivalries. It warned that the estimated one million Afghan refugees living in Baluchistan and the frontier province were causing serious problems, and said armed clashes had taken place between the Afghans and local people.

The party, a mainly left-wing group, called on the United States and the Soviet Union to refrain from using Afghanistan as a battleground for their differences, and demanded that the Afghans be allowed to settle their own affairs.

Conflicts on autonomy talks between Sadat, Carter reported

TEL AVIV, Aug. 23 (AP) — Egyptian President Anwar Sadat in an interview published in an Israeli newspaper, says he has "sharp differences of opinion" with President Jimmy Carter over the stalled Palestinian autonomy negotiations.

"The American president wants the talks to continue," Sadat told the *Maariv* newspaper, "and he is trying to find a way to make their renewal possible."

"I also want them to continue," Sadat said, "But how? We are trying with all our strength to maintain the peace momentum, but every day with all our strength to maintain the peace momentum, but every day Israel surprises me, either with the Jerusalem law, or with an announcement of a new settlement or with military action against its neighbors."

Excerpts from the interview with the newspaper's Cairo correspondent were printed in Thursday's edition of the newspaper. The full interview printed in Thursday's edition of the newspaper. The full interview, conducted Wednesday at Sadat's vacation home in Alexandria, Egypt, was to appear Friday.

Sadat suspended the 15-month-old negotiations on the autonomy plan for the 1.1 million Palestinian Arabs in the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip earlier this month in protest over a law adopted in Israel's parliament formally affirming Jerusalem as the Israeli capital.

Israelis has insisted that Egypt resume the talks immediately.

Egypt also condemned Israel's military action earlier this week against Palestinian targets in southern Lebanon, and Egypt's ambassador in the United Nations supported the Security Council resolution on the Jerusalem bill.

Sadat said he had not yet seen the latest letter from Prime Minister Menahem Begin

in the exchange of missives between the two leaders. Sadat said he would refrain from commenting on the letter until he receives it from Vice President Housni Mubarak and Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali, who were analyzing it for the Egyptian leader.

Sadat also commented in the interview on what he called a "communications breakdown" between himself and Begin, saying it was "sad, very sad that we reached this level." But Sadat reaffirmed his commitment to the peace process with Israel and repeated his feeling that he had "reached the point from which there was no return."

However, Egyptian agricultural delegation due in Israel next week has formally apologized to Israel for not being able to make this trip, an Israeli Embassy spokesman said.

"Such a decision is interpreted as a purely political one," the spokesman told the Associated Press in telephone remarks.

The spokesman said that the official reason given by the Egyptian Ministry of Agriculture has that "the three-man delegation had to stay back to supervise agricultural shipments arriving in Egypt."

This visit to reciprocate two previous ones by Israeli agricultural delegations to Egypt. Despite the recent suspension of negotiations, Egyptian officials have made it clear that the bilateral normalization of relations will not be affected by the dispute between the two countries.

Meanwhile, Sol Linowitz, U.S. President Carter's special Mideast envoy, will visit Israel toward the end of August to discuss resuming negotiations on autonomy, Ambassador to Israel Sam Lewis told Israeli Premier Menahem Begin Friday. A source close to the presidential council in Tel Aviv said that Israel was interested in pursuing the talks, suspended by Egypt, even during the American presidential campaign.

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Scientist's reputation at stake

Saboteur may be cause of clone goof

LA JOLLA, California, Aug. 23 (AP) — When scientist Ian Kennedy saw his virus cloning experiments take an unexpected turn in his university laboratory in May, it hardly seemed likely that his research would generate a worldwide firestorm.

But somehow the University of California San Diego virologist had cloned the genetic material of the wrong virus — an even rarer virus not then permitted to be cloned by federal safety guidelines.

Now the furor has stopped Kennedy's research cold, threatened the school with the loss of millions of federal dollars for recombinant DNA research, and instilled new fear among some scientists of a public backlash against all "genetic engineering" projects.

The incident, if not bizarre enough at its start, has lately begun assuming characteristics of a Mickey Spillane novel. There were disclosures of mysterious telephone calls to Kennedy, a late night break-in of the high-security lab in which Kennedy worked on the fifth floor of the university's biology building, and speculation by Kennedy himself that the cloning mixup may have been the result of a "direct act of sabotage."

There is not likely to be any immediate public explanation of how the cloning mixup might have occurred, for university officials have drawn a veil of secrecy over the controversy. But plenty of people intend to find out precisely what happened in the recombinant DNA laboratory, events that apparently prompted all four of Kennedy's graduate student lab assistants to transfer out of the lab in protest three months ago.

The whole affair has once more raised questions about laboratory safety and security.

Among those looking into the matter are top officials of the National Institutes of Health in Washington, university Chancellor Richard Atkinson, the university's seven-member institutional biosafety committee and Kennedy's peers in the biology department.

Many of his colleagues met in a secret session last week to press for an investigation of the cloning mixup. Even the 20-member campus police force, with its two detectives, got into the act. Led by chief Hugh French, a one-time homicide investigator with the San Diego Police Department, university police are looking for clues and possible witnesses to the break-in at the lab where Kennedy works and the theft of a potentially dangerous bottle of rabies vaccine virus. The quart-size bottle, which contains only a few ounces of liquid, was found in a stairwell one floor below the laboratory.

Campus police also must determine if there are any links between the virus theft and the laboratory mixup that supposedly started out in December with Sindbis virus but ended up with clones of the more exotic Semliki Forest virus instead.

So far, Kennedy, a 37-year-old Scottish-born microbiologist, is the only person to publicly offer any speculation as to what might have gone wrong with his cloning experiments.

One possibility, Kennedy said during a two-hour interview last week at his house, is an intentional act of mixing up the indistinguishable, amber-colored Sindbis and



Dr. Ian Kennedy

Semliki viruses while they were in storage in the lab.

It was Kennedy who brought up the possibility of "sabotage" after an anonymous caller told a local newspaper that the biology laboratory at the university had been broken into Aug. 9 and the rabies vaccine had been removed.

Although he had no proof, Kennedy believes there may be a connection between the recent break-in and the mixup of his viruses. He says he had received a series of telephone calls starting last October from a man who said Kennedy should stop his

"dangerous and illegal" experiments.

Another explanation for the cloning mixup, he says, could be that the contents of the virus bottles were mixed during their trans-Atlantic shipment three years ago. Some of the bottles, which were exposed to faulty refrigeration, were accidentally broken during the trip, Kennedy said.

In sharp contrast to Kennedy's conjectures, their scientists and top university officials were much more cautious in interpreting the strange twist of events.

Some scientists think that Kennedy may be as far as two years ahead in his experiments with Semliki and Sindbis viruses. According to a university profile of Kennedy, he is one of the leading animal virologists and in his specific field — arthropod-borne viruses — he is "probably the best in the world."

Kennedy obtained both his bachelor's and master's degrees at the University of Glasgow and his Ph.D. in 1970 in biochemistry from the University of Reading in England. Then he spent seven years at a post-doctoral fellow and later as a lecturer before coming to San Diego.

Working with the Sindbis and Semliki viruses, Kennedy hopes to learn more about precisely how they — and eventually other viruses — replicate, so as to perhaps someday come up with an anti-viral gene with broad application.

The controversial cloning experiment dealt with Kennedy's pursuit of the construction of an anti-viral gene, initially against the Sindbis virus. He said he cloned the virus — which turned out to be Semliki — because he needed "a lot of the anti-viral genes to do the experiment."

Unearthed toxic dump stirs fears in Holland

LEKKERKERK, Netherlands, Aug. 23 (AP) — Holland is discovering it may be laced with toxic dumping grounds.

The nation awoke to the dangers of chemical dumping in April when the government ordered the evacuation of all 871 residents from the six-year Lekkerkerk West housing development.

Drums of toxic toluene and xylene, buried in rubble used to fill in four canals under the site, had leaked and contaminated the drinking water. The contaminants, found after residents complained of foul smells in basements, can cause headaches, coughing, nausea or dizziness. Since then, towns across The Netherlands have reported their own suspect dumping sites almost daily.

Toxic waste in landfill is an alarming problem for a nation carved out of the sea, famous for its lowland canals and the windmills that once drained them. About 60 per cent of the 14 million residents live below sea level, and reclamation is a way of life and landfill is precious.

In the most serious discovery since Lekkerkerk, authorities in Utrecht closed a 12-hectare city park last Wednesday after discovering toluene and xylene in landfill.

A nationwide search has identified 39 potentially dangerous sites so far, according to press reports. Provincial government have until December to complete their surveys and submit them to the national government. The government is also working on tougher controls on waste disposal and soil protection.

Lekkerkerk West, on the outskirts of a 700-year-old farming village 16 kilometers east of Rotterdam, has become a ghost town behind a chainlink fence.

Workers in white suits, some wearing gas masks, are dragging 100,000 tons of dirt and muck from under the foundations of the 268 row houses. Some homes may have to be demolished to rid the place of toluene and xylene.

The government bought the houses for \$82,500 to \$108,500 and gave tenants two

years' rent. Many of the displaced families live in a nearby trailer park set up by the government. Some have bought new houses. Few want to return.

"I don't know yet whether people will have faith in these houses when this is cleaned up," says Mayor Hans Ouwerkerk. "Mostly it's an emotional problem," he said, stressing that the health danger is far less serious than that suspected at Love Canal in the United States.

In the American case, a health emergency was declared in 1978 and 235 families were evacuated from Niagara Falls, New York, after contamination from an industrial dump site was confirmed. The company which dumped the waste has disputed claims that residents suffered chromosome damage, miscarriages and birth defects as a result of the pollution.

A couple of dozen casks were buried here under the foundations, and no sickness has been linked directly to the leaking wastes. At Love Canal, Hooker Chemicals and Plastics Corporation acknowledged dumping 21,000 tons of chemicals, mostly chlorides.

Lekkerkerk, a suburb of Rotterdam, is a typical landfill development built below a dike that holds back the River Lek.

"The farmers had open ditches, and the industries had a lot of waste, so what was easier than filling in the canals with the waste?" said Jan De Koning of the Heideveld Engineering Firm, a consultant in the Lekkerkerk excavation.

Wietse De Back, spokesman for the ministry of health and environment, says the Lekkerkerk West project saved \$100,000 by using rubble instead of clean soil to fill the canals and prepare the site for development. He estimated the cleanup will cost between \$75 million to \$150 million before it is finished next spring.

"At the time it was unped, it was not a crime," De Back said.

A year ago, Holland implemented a tough chemical waste law, specifying permissible disposal methods for various products.

Is toxics danger overblown?

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (WP) — Federal regulators are coming to a disquieting conclusion: the level of chemical pollution in the general environment is often equal to the levels around known toxic waste dumps.

Wherever industries and plants have made the consumer goods of modern America, there are now chemicals like benzene, chromium, arsenic and lead. These and dozens of multi-syllable compounds are turning up everywhere in the environment and in people's bodies at levels that have been called alarming.

The scope of the situation is sinking in slowly, as is the shift in focus it will require. Either the chemical findings indicate a widespread danger that somehow must be dealt with, or all the flap over abandoned dump sites has been vastly overblown and the readings mean little.

No one is yet ready to make that choice. The science of linking a given dose of a chemical to a particular health result is still in its infancy, with researchers frantically gathering data. All that is really known so far is that the chemicals are everywhere and that cleaning up the old dumps, the billowing smokestacks and the auto exhausts is not going to make them go away.

"The whole economy is built on the use and production of chemicals," said Eckhardt Beck, chief of water and hazardous materials regulation for the Environmental Protection Agency. "We're documenting a general prevalence of chemicals throughout the environment that you can't really trace to any one source."

In the Love Canal area of New York, residents panicked at the discovery that their basements were oozing chemical goo from a long-inactive waste disposal ditch. After

dozens of studies involving millions of dollars and two years of agonizing at every government level, the families are still demanding to be moved out, and their homes are worthless.

Yet the Hooker Chemical Co., which put the wastes there in the 1940's and 1950's, pointed out that three EPA studies of the air in U.S. cities found several with chemical readings equal to or worse than those outside the Love Canal houses: Phoenix, Oakland, Los Angeles and several in Texas and New Jersey. "The air inside homes at Love Canal...is even cleaner than the outdoor air," Hooker said.

The company also argued that the chemicals detected in Love Canal basements are there at "a small fraction of a percent of what (regulators) would permit for a continuous working environment."

Hooker concluded that the exposure levels at Love Canal are insignificant. Regulators, however, are beginning to invert that reasoning: exposure levels at Los Angeles and Oakland and other cities are probably just as significant as those at Love Canal. This is certain to be one of the issues in the protracted litigation that has arisen from the Love Canal controversy.

The problem is that no one can say for sure yet just how significant any low reading is in terms of health. The chemical industry has been insisting for years that although the compounds may be widely present, no evidence exists to link them to whatever illnesses may be occurring in a particular area. Studies that appear to make such links are highly controversial.

"There really doesn't appear to be a major health impact from exposure to those chemicals," said Geraldine Cox, technical director for the Chemical Manufacturers Association, a Washington-based trade group.

Fakes hard to find

Swiss irked by bogus watches

BIENNE, Switzerland, Aug. 23 (AP) — At a glance, they may appear to be well-made precision timepieces, bearing insignias of prestigious manufacturers and marks of precious metals. They may seem worthy investments — until they stop running.

Often it is only then that the watch owner discovers his timepiece is counterfeit, that he has become a victim of what an official of the Federation of Swiss Watch Manufacturers called a diffuse and growing international problem.

The federation here estimates that consumers worldwide spend about \$610 million each year on perhaps 10 million counterfeit watches.

U.S. rear admiral owes court \$13

MANILA, Aug. 23 (AP) — A Philippine court has fined the commander of the United States Subic Bay Naval Base 100 pesos (about \$13) for his failure to bring an American serviceman before the court for trial.

The official Philippines News Agency (PNA) identified the base official as Rear Admiral Lef Edward Levenson, commander of the U.S. Subic Naval Base, home port of the Seventh Fleet, which is about 72 kilometers northwest of Manila.

PNA said Levenson had been cited for indirect contempt for his failure to present Miguel Mendez, a U.S. navy man who is facing theft charges.

Generally, said Max Hool, director of the federation's legal and industrial affairs division, "It's not easy for consumers to recognize a phony watch." Some counterfeiters are so well done, he added, that "specialists have to open it and inspect the parts to determine whether it's real or not."

Counterfeiting techniques vary. Rarely, Hool said, are bogus timepieces "made from a toy, from start to finish."

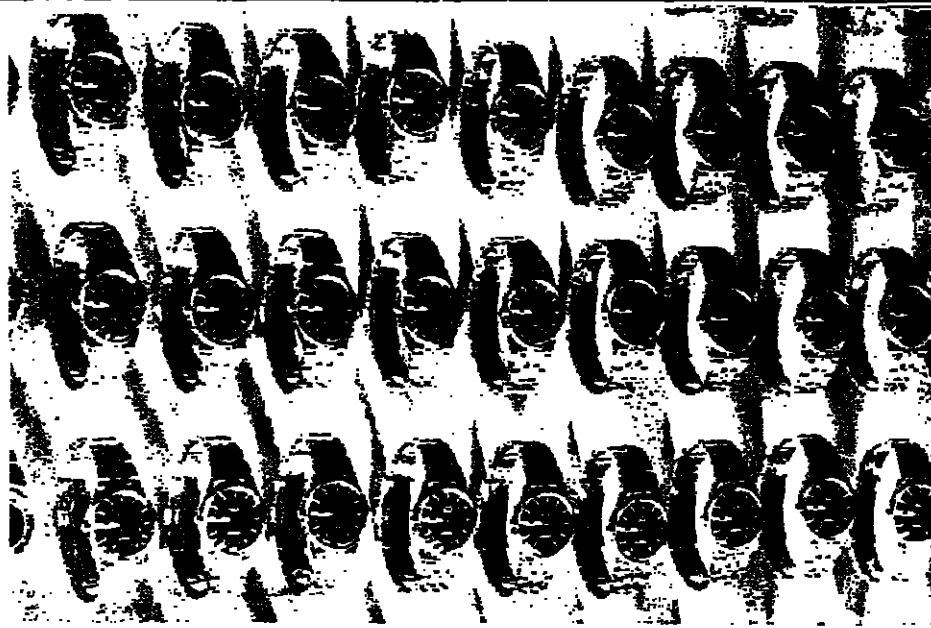
One crude method is to engrave on the dial of inexpensive timepieces the mark of a quality manufacturer. Other makers attempt to duplicate the appearance of expensive brands, using cheap metal components in watch cases bearing the name of quality manufacturers.

Swiss brands are a particular target of counterfeiters, Hool said. The "Swiss Made" emblem has been found on Italian-made timepieces. American, French and Japanese brands also are susceptible to what Hool called the work of "clandestine gangsters who do a lot of wrong to consumers and manufacturers."

The most important bases for counterfeiting, Hool said, are Milan and Naples in Italy; Hong Kong and, increasingly, Taiwan.

Stressing that exact figures are elusive, Hool said he suspects that international counterfeit watch sales have increased over the past several years, despite efforts by authorities and manufacturers to stop it.

"One part of the fight against counterfeiters... is to alert consumers not to buy watches on the street, or from peddlers or in small stores," he said.



WHERE'S THE FAKE? Problem is, even an expert can't tell without taking a watch apart. Counterfeiters take advantage of the difficulty, selling bargain-hunters cheap watches in expensive-looking cases for outrageous prices. Swiss watchmakers think the problem is so bad they pay legal experts to take their case to authorities worldwide.

Tiniest infant struggles for survival

BALTIMORE, Maryland, Aug. 23 (AP) — She kicks her legs, waves her arms and cries — just like any other infant. But at 397 grams, Devon Somerville — believed to be one of the smallest babies ever to survive in the United States — could fit in the palm of a hand.

"This little girl's tough," an official at City Hospital said. "If she keeps fighting, we will, too."

Two nurses keep round-the-clock watch

on Devon. A state police helicopter brought her here Tuesday from St. Mary's Hospital in southern Maryland, where she was born two months premature to Linda and Leonard Somerville. They have two other children.

The baby was listed in critical condition Friday — and probably will remain so for quite a while, primarily because of her size," said Lou Daugherty, a hospital spokesman.

"Her gestation was 7 months, but her size is about the size of one at 5 months," Daugherty said. "It makes treatment difficult. It's hard to pass tubes for intravenous feedings and blood transfusions."

The infant measures just over 28 cm and weighs 428 gm, "but that's with 30 gm of equipment on her," said a nursing supervisor.

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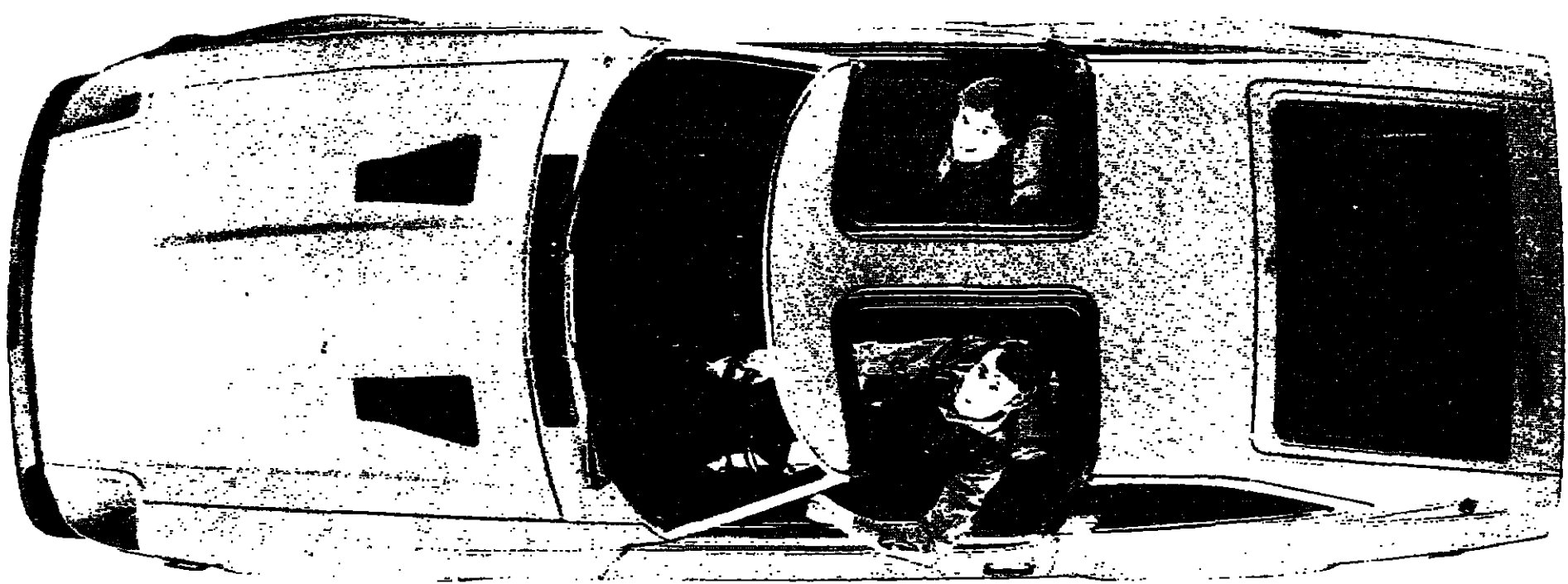
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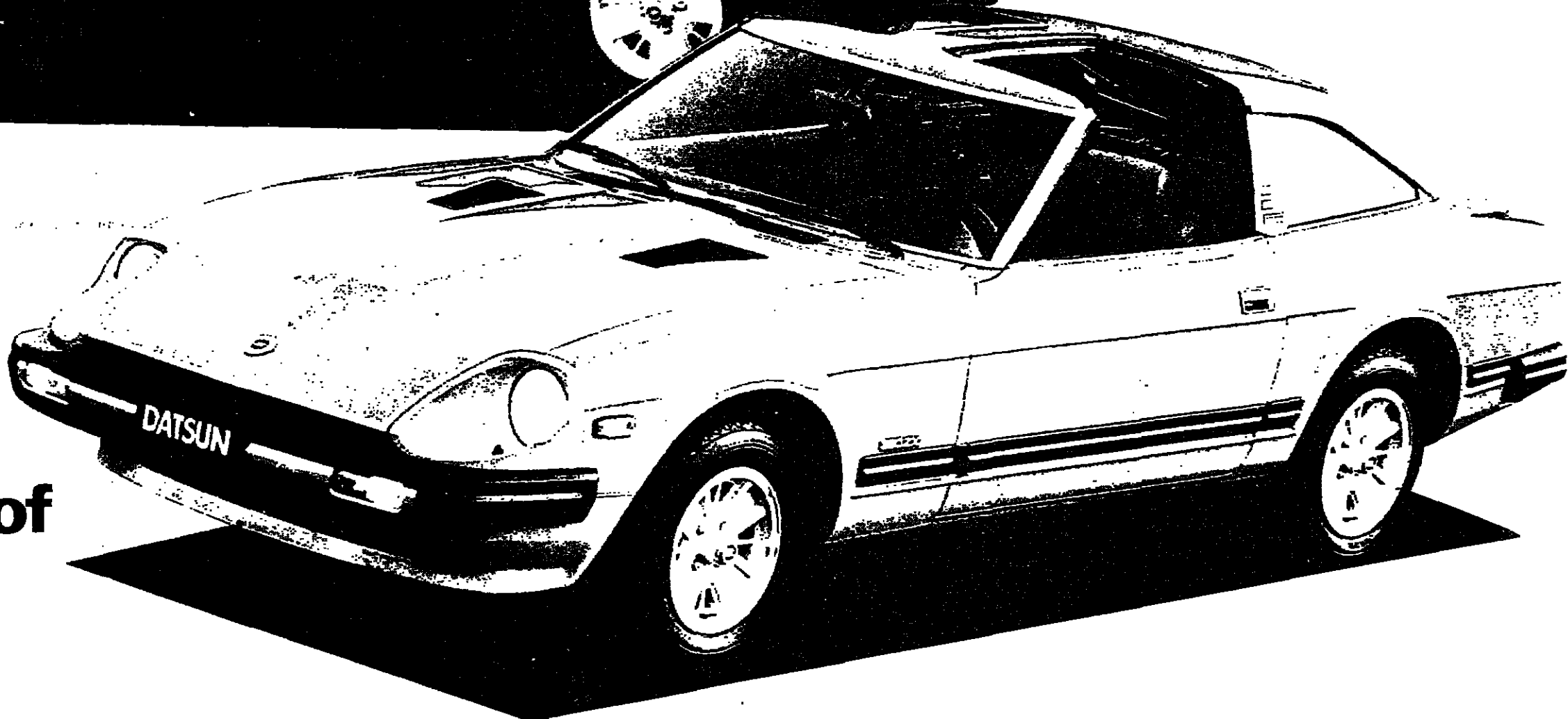
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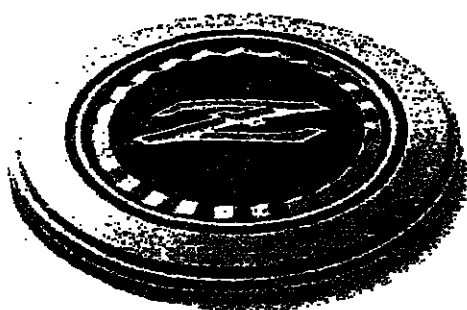


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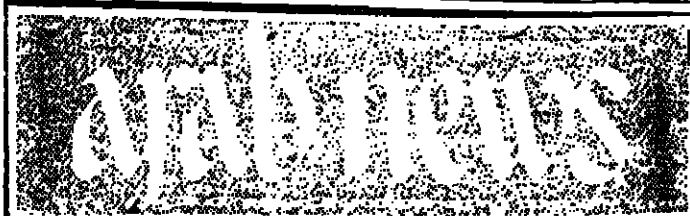
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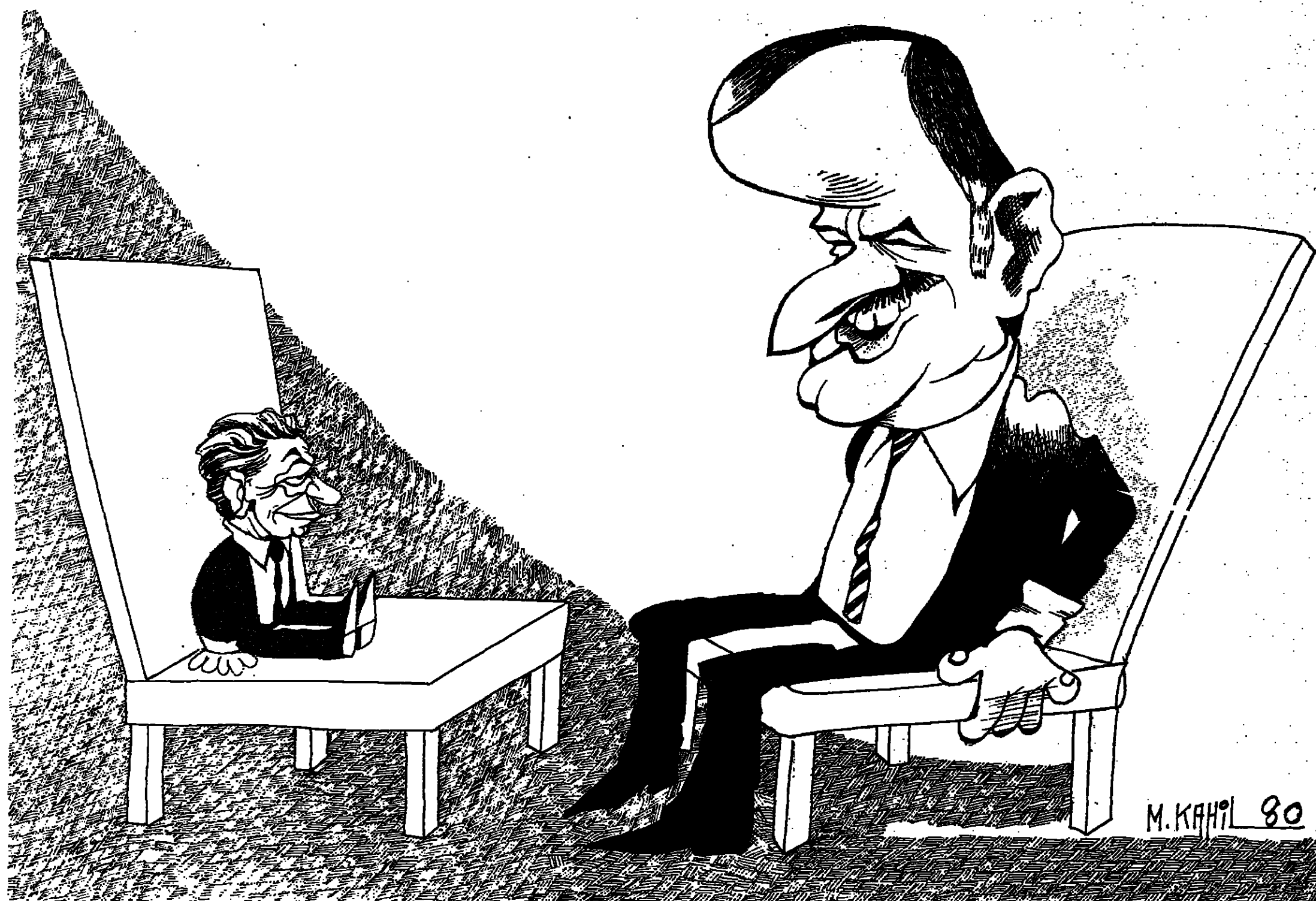
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President Assad plans to meet President Sarkis

UNREST IN POLAND

The twelfth anniversary of the Soviet invasion of Czechoslovakia found its most dramatic commemoration in Poland, as the wave of economic strikes widens inexorably, and as it takes on increasing political orientation. The Prague Spring was brought to an end with apparent ease by the Soviet Union. Now Poland proves that repression, in the name of the Proletariat, cannot provide a lasting solution, and that the call for freedom, will resound again and again until it is heeded.

The unrest in Poland comes at a particularly inopportune moment for the Soviet leadership, stuck as it is in the dilemma it made for itself in Afghanistan. That leadership faces a clear choice. It will either accede to the demands of the striking workers, which means that the "infection" will soon spread into other countries within the Eastern Bloc; or it will resolve the problem in the same way that the Hungarian and Czech problems were resolved in 1956 and 1968 — by invasion.

The probabilities are that the second solution will be adapted. For the Soviet Union cannot tolerate the political demands the striking workers are making. The call for an independent trade union movement, and for freedom of expression, religious affiliation and to end the privileges extended to members of the Communist party and the state apparatus, are seen to strike at the very roots of the system.

On the other hand, there is little chance of buying off the strikers with higher wages and lower prices, as the country's economy is far from sound, with accumulating foreign debts and falling production.

Gierek's government came to power in 1970 after the wave of strikes which ended the life of the Gomulka regime. It came with a promise that Polish workers would never again come under fire from Polish armed forces. But that government has little room for maneuver at present. And the world cannot but look with foreboding as dark clouds gather over Warsaw and Gdansk.

EDITOR'S NOTE: Following is the second of a two-part political analysis on the current Israeli crisis.

By Fouzi Asmar
Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON — Israel would be able to take advantage of a number of positions in waging a war against the Eastern Front. In addition to the internal situation, it could exploit the U.S. presidential election period in the U.S., considering that no presidential candidate would be willing to abandon Israel in time of war.

Israel can also accuse Syria of seeking to sign a military pact with the Soviet Union, or can claim that the Soviets who are now in Syria pose a threat to Israel's security.

Any conflict with the Soviet forces, if it ever occurs, would place American might behind Israel and would confront the pro-Western Arab governments with a dilemma. Israel would be able to exploit such a development for its own interests internationally. In addition, the outbreak of war would help Israel to escape from the trap of the autonomy talks into which the Israelis believe they have fallen, and would also strip the mask from Egypt's real face, as some Israeli sources contend.

The eruption of a new war is indeed a feasible possibility, one which we should not underestimate but rather should take seriously.

3— Jewish Terrorism
A third development which might occur in the near future is a reign of terror which would dominate all aspects of political life in Israel. It is now clear that there are armed bands of terrorists inside Israel and the occupied Arab territories which operate clandestinely and are supported on all levels by the Israeli government, Israeli parties and Israeli people.

Despite the fact that this is the most unlikely possibility among those we have considered, it is nevertheless a feasible possibility. Its evolution is still hidden from view, but it could develop quickly, finding numerous supporters, or it could develop

slowly, gaining limited but strong leadership which would enable the groups to spread terror inside the country and within the political organizations as well.

These bands could be exploited very easily by existing political parties or important personalities aspiring to reach certain political goals. It is apparent that the financial support for these terrorist bands exists on all levels. They have begun operating against Palestinian inhabitants of the West Bank and against some Palestinians inside Israel itself.

There are some government ministers, like Ariel Sharon, who support these bands, and widely circulated newspapers, such as *Yedioth Aharonoth* and *Maariv*, which defend their point of view and present it to the public, and which publish their works and bolster their ideas. There are even some judges who support the bands, and this is what frightens some Israeli liberals — that even justice supports them. Perhaps the following account, written by Uri Avneri, a Knesset member and editor-in-chief of *Haolam Hatzeh* magazine, best explains what I am saying:

"...Israeli courts behave with great forgiveness towards the right-wing extremists who are arrested for attacking Arabs. In this regard, it is important to note what one of the judges in Jerusalem said when he read a court order he had issued regarding the actions of some settlers who went on a rampage during a demonstration they were holding in Jerusalem. The judge gave the settlers suspended sentences with probation, and remarked that the removal of the Yamit settlement (in Sinai) was comparable to the removal of the city of Jerusalem."

The judge made these comments despite the fact that it was the Israeli government which decided to dismantle the Yamit settlement in the context of the peace treaty it signed with Egypt.

What kind of moral and popular support will follow on the heels of the support being given to one of the terrorist leaders, Rabbi Meir Kahane, who, while administratively incarcerated in Israel, has been visited in jail by the president of Israel himself, Yitzhak Navon? Reports of this meeting were carried by Israeli news media and photos of the two men appeared in the Hebrew newspapers. Doesn't

this qualify as support for terrorists for committing a crime against an Arab, the Israeli army's chief of staff moves quickly to pardon him or reduce his prison term, even though the terrorist might be guilty of the atrocious crime of murder, such as killing prisoners of war or murdering an Arab on his way to work. All of these things take place without reaction from the Israeli people. (We cannot deny the role of the small group that raises its voice against these practices, but this movement is tiny and has virtually no effect on the Jews inside Israel.)

In addition to financial support, these terrorist organizations receive moral and military support, as well as indirect aid from the Israeli government, in terms of support for the settlements, and global support from the world Jewish community, particularly American Jews.

The groups receive military support through various channels. On the top of the list are the arsenals of the Israeli army. The large quantities of arms and ammunition discovered on the roof of one of the religious schools in Jerusalem could be considered good proof of that. (The Hebrew press said that this cache of arms and explosives, found to have belonged to Rabbi Kahane's gang, was sufficient to destroy the city of Jerusalem completely.)

The domination of the terrorist groups over the situation in Israel would mean the creation of a new dimension to the Arab-Israeli conflict, a dimension that would leave its impact on future developments and on any attempts to produce an atmosphere which would advance the peace process. Such a situation would not necessarily work against Arab interests, however. On the contrary, I believe it would help the Arabs, despite themselves, to move forward along a new path that would lead to victory.

The Gush Emunim settlements, for example, are well-structured organizations, from the military, political and ideological standpoints. They were able to impose themselves on the Israeli government, beginning with the Labor Party cabinet headed by Yitzhak Rabin, as was reflected in their victory in keeping the Kaddoum settlements which the Rabin government had decided to remove.

The strength of Jewish terrorism inside occupied Palestine is somewhat reminiscent of the French

terrorism in Algeria, when the settlers began establishing terrorist movements which started out against the Arabs and later evolved into groups opposed to the French themselves. The difference between the two situations is that the Arabs of Algeria during their revolution were stronger militarily than the Palestinians under Israeli occupation. The stand of the French government at that time was also different: Charles de Gaulle's position was opposed to that of the settlers, while the position of the Israeli government today favors the settlers.

The three possibilities I have suggested are all feasible today, and they are offered as alternatives to the current conditions inside Israel. From this perspective, we can analyze the recent behavior of Menachem Begin.

Begin knows full well that he is victorious on all counts. Let us suppose, for the sake of argument, that new elections are held in Israel and the Labor Party comes to power. Then the opposition, which will be led by the Likud Party along with other right-wing Zionist groups, will prove to be a formidable force capable of creating ten times more opposition than the Labor Party has been able to produce vis-a-vis the Begin government. This would happen because Labor would have to rely basically upon the religious parties to form a government, and these parties are very much closer ideologically to Begin than they are to the Labor Party.

Such strong and effective opposition would paralyze any movement in any direction that would not be acceptable to the Israeli right wing. In addition, the strength of the Israeli Right has doubled within many sectors of the Israeli military. Since the Begin government includes some of these elements which are still influenced within the army, this is the sole reason why Jewish settlers are encouraged to go on rampages through Arab towns and villages, damaging shops, cars and other property (as happened in Ramallah) or firing at the inhabitants (as happened in Halhoul, Hebron, Ramallah, Nablas, etc.).

Perhaps the strength of the Zionist right wing inside Israel — whether in the government or in the opposition — stems from the reality of its ideological path, which is very clear. Rightist ideology considers "Judea and Samaria" to be Jewish land, which will never be surrendered no matter what the price. And it regards the Palestinian Arabs who inhabit these territories as "guests." This view was expressed recently by Ezer Weizman, one of the leaders of this right wing, when he was asked by American television personality Barbara Walters, "What can you say to the Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza about the future?" Weizman replied: "I would tell them: this is my country and your home, so let's live in peace."

The Zionist Left is assuming a different role, but its ultimate goal is to achieve the same objectives and results the Zionist Right is aiming for, though the rightists approach their goals without the noise, tricks and well-known games that the Labor Party is famous for. Labor stands opposed to the creation of any Palestinian entity on Palestinian land. It is prepared to give up some of the land under tough conditions to Jordan, but the Labor Party will not allow under any circumstances the establishment of a Palestinian entity in any shape or form.

This kind of thinking is confronted today by a number of obstacles, the most important of which is the Palestinian-Jordanian rapprochement that resulted from the Baghdad summit. Another roadblock in the way of the Labor Party's strategy is the position of King Hussein, who during his recent visit to Washington stated clearly and unequivocally that Jordan demands that the Palestinians be allowed to determine their fate and destiny on their own soil.

The Palestinians constitute the heart of the problem. They will not now accept anything less than an independent, sovereign state on Palestinian land. Thus the Zionist Left will face much greater challenges than those currently confronting the Zionist Right.

Saudi Arabian Press Review

Al Riyadh Saturday led with a report on King Khaled's projected visit to Tabuk next Tuesday to inspect the northern region. *Al Nadeem* carried as its lead story the Jordanian Endowment Minister's statement that Crown Prince Fahd's call for Jihad necessitates a comprehensive strategy for a long battle. *Al Medina* and *Al Bilad* concentrated on the forthcoming Arab Interior Ministers' conference in Taif, stressing that the Islamic law (Sharia) would provide security and stability in Arab societies. *Okaz* led with a statement by Habib Chatti, secretary general of the Organization of Islamic Conference (OIC) that the third Islamic Summit Conference, to be in Mecca a few months from now, would decide on strategy for Jihad.

In front-page stories, newspapers reported that Prince Saddam, the deputy governor of Riyadh, supervised handling of the bodies of the Tristar disaster to their relatives. *Al Riyadh* prominently displayed Kuwait's warning to the Netherlands to transfer its embassy from Jerusalem to Tel Aviv within a month's time. Newspapers also gave front-page treatment to the support of the Mufti of Lebanon for the crown prince's call for Jihad.

Newspaper editorials continue their commentary on Jihad and the consolidation of the Arab ranks. They urged practical application of the call, asking the Islamic nation to arise to save the holy city of Jerusalem from the Zionists. In an editorial, *Al Yam* highlighted the response which the call for Jihad has produced, saying that every Arab and Muslim has found himself drawn toward this call believing that

there was no other way to liberate Jerusalem and other occupied territories. The paper called upon the Arab and Islamic states to consider this call as a rallying point, and added that propaganda only would not be enough to turn the call into a reality. In order to give practical shape to the crown prince's call, every Arab and Islamic country will have to respond. In this case, Saudi Arabia will be in the forefront as the protector of the House of God, said the paper.

Dealing with the same subject, *Al Jazirah* noted that the West European states led most countries having vital interests in the Middle East. A peaceful and just solution to the Arab-Israeli conflict must, therefore, be of paramount significance to these states, said the paper. It added that Western Europe has now become fully convinced that the issue of Palestine is the crux of the problem.

And it can only be solved by meeting the legitimate demands of the people of Palestine. The paper emphasized the crown prince's call and reminded West European states that it is an appropriate time for them to give all-out support to the Arab cause and Palestinian rights. It urged them to support the U.N. resolutions against Israel, and to understand the significance and gravity of the call for Jihad.

Okaz recalled the burning of the Aqsa Mosque 11 years ago and demanded a new drive toward restoration of the Islamic holy places from the occupation of Israel. It said Israel has already exposed itself by declaring Jerusalem as its capital, which forced the Muslims to accept the challenge of the

enemies. The paper praised Saudi Arabia's stance, which reiterates the importance of Islamic solidarity. This must begin with an end to the differences among the Arab and Islamic states. The paper held a firm view that, after the way has been paved for the holy war, no power on earth would be able to reject the demands of the Islamic nation.

Al Riyadh dealt with the current situation in South Lebanon saying that Israel never missed any chance, political or military, whenever it found that the Arabs or the international community were seeking enduring solutions to the Arab-Israeli conflict. The paper described the Israeli assault on South Lebanon as the dropping of the last political "curtain" which Washington had placed in front of the world through the Camp David accords. Any political solution now is useless since what is happening in the region clearly speaks for a military solution, said the paper. It asked the Arab and Islamic world not to be sidetracked from the issue of Jerusalem as a result of the Israeli attack on South Lebanon.

Al Bilad highlighted in its editorial the royal order to grant SR 50,000 each to the bereaved families of victims of the recent Tristar disaster at Riyadh airport. It said the order demonstrated the government's keen desire to contribute in lessening the grief and sorrow of the affected families. The incident has received full attention by the officials, especially the King and the crown prince, and an inquiry has been ordered into the cause that led to the mishap.



Patient: "With all this smoke, I felt better before I got on the stretcher!"

مكتبة الصلح



ROUGH LIFE: This camel's grandfather never would have guessed life could be so easy. No more treks through hot sand. No more brackish water. All this camel has to do is rest easy and let his master do all the work.

Navajos who took Hopi land

U.S. is relocating Indians again

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (WP) — Two years ago, the U.S. government moved Dorothy Paddock, 59, and her husband Andy, 58 out of a one-room house on a patch of northern Arizona desert, with no running water, no electricity, no paved roads and no plumbing.

They moved the Paddocks into a suburban Flagstaff three-bedroom stucco with all the conveniences and with the mortgage paid off — a dream come true by the standards of many Americans.

The Paddocks are not grateful. Dorothy Paddock's health has declined. Among other things, she complains of loneliness and "mutton hunger."

"I used to tend sheep daily, and I did some weaving. Just light weaving, which I sold at the trading post," she said in the musical-gumral, almost oriental cadence of the Navajo language, through an interpreter. She speaks no English.

"I don't think there is any job I could do here," she added, speaking softly against the hum of a refrigerator. Her thin leathery hands gnawed at the folds of her full Navajo skirt, as her creased gaze dropped to the polyester-pile horizon of the living room.

The Paddocks are among an estimated 1,200 families, or between 5,000 and 6,000 individual tribal Indians, affected by the largest relocation by the U.S. government since White Long Knives herded some 100,000 Cherokees along the Trail of Tears in 1830, or since Col. Kit Carson rounded up the Paddocks' Navajo ancestors and marched 8,000 of them on the long walk into exile in 1863.

This spectacle of traditional Navajos, uneducated in the ways of the white man, being dropped in the suburbs like Martians, is only the most dramatic current effect of an ancient conflict between the Hopi and the Navajo tribes — a strange conflict, by Eastern standards, in which people are fighting over and being "crowded out of" what appears to be empty desert.

To say that Navajos like the Paddocks are suffering the most right now, however, is not to say that the Hopis are the heavies in the morally ambiguous drama. In the view of many, the Navajos are the victims now only because they were the transgressors in the past.

Judges all the way up to the Supreme Court have studied the evidence and concluded that the Navajos in effect pushed the Hopis off land to which they were entitled, both legally and by tradition. That is why thousands of Navajos now have been told they must move.

For some younger or better-educated Navajos, the relocation is a windfall. But bedrock traditional Navajos insist they will allow U.S. marshals to shoot them before they will leave their ancestral land.

Some have compared the Hopi-Navajo dispute of the Middle East conflict in its complexity and frustration, though it is much smaller in scale. Both arguments are centuries old. In both, the U.S. government plays the dual roles of villain and mediator.

From the Mesa cliffs of Old Oraibi, considered by anthropologists "the oldest continuously inhabited settlement" in the United States, the desert scrub rolls in all directions to the edge of the sky — hushed, arid, forbidding and almost as empty as it was in the years 600, when the Hopis are believed to have settled here.

To at least some of the descendants of those first Americans, this land is sacred, achingly beautiful and, by their standards, painfully crowded.

It is here, in Arizona's tabland, east of the Grand Canyon, north of the Painted Desert,

that some 7,000 members of the Hopi tribe live surrounded by at least 140,000 Navajos.

The three Hopi mesas are in a heart-shaped area of 600,000 acres which are recognized as Hopi land and not a part of the dispute. But for at least 400 years, both tribes have tried to claim the same 2 million acres in a rectangle surrounding the heart.

In 1882, President Chester A. Arthur established the area as a reservation for the Hopis, although many Navajos lived there already. The U.S. government in subsequent years sat on its hands while the number of Navajos in the area increased from about 400 to over 11,000.

In 1977, after years of debate, court cases, and Congressional hearings, and failed attempts by the tribes to settle the matter themselves, a judge made a Solomon-like decision to split the disputed land and give each tribe half. All except about 100 of those to be moved are Navajos.

In 1974, Congress passed a law that led to the relocation order. Now, led by Arizona's Rep. Morris Udall, D, and Sen. Barry Goldwater, R, Congress is expected to pass more legislation on the subject by the end of this month. The new measure would add land and assistance to that already provided for the Navajos, so most of those who wish can continue their way of life. It would be the most generous relocation program ever sponsored by the federal government, officials said.

"One of the big problems is that there hasn't been any place for those people to move except into town," said Roger Lewis, one of the relocation commissioners.

Nobody is predicting the land acquisition will be any simpler than the rest of the situation, however, a group of hunters, environmentalists and ranchers has effectively stalled a Navajo attempt to buy a parcel of land near Grand Canyon called House Rock Valley. And the bill in Congress, responding to fears of the New Mexico delegation, limits the amount of land the tribe can purchase in that state.

The legislation also expands the provision for life estates for 120 Navajo family heads of a certain age or disability, enabling them to live out their lives where they are.

But to many traditional Indians, such decrees and "white man's paperwork" seem as alien and oppressive and uncontrollable a force in their lives as the glaciers that carved out the mesas and canyons eons ago.

Restoration planned

Time, man erode Carthage's greatness

This is the final part of a three part series of Tunisia.

By F. W. Rawling

CARTHAGE — The electric train at this time of the year, is full of tourists and young Tunisians on holiday. It reaches Carthage ten minutes and four stations from the bustling terminals at the end of Bourguiba, Avenue the great boulevard of the capital.

Sadly, there is not much left to see of Hannibal's Punic city, nor of the successive Graeco-Roman and Byzantine civilizations of the ancient Mediterranean world that followed it. The huge site is almost completely covered over by urban development.

Dr. Abdul Majid Ennabli, chief curator of the monuments, has said "Carthage is not a building site, it is not a quarry. It is the historic memory of a nation and the inheritance of mankind."

Succeeding generations, however, have remorselessly used its wealth of limestone and granite to build the city of Tunis and vast tonnages of valuable marble have been shipped abroad.

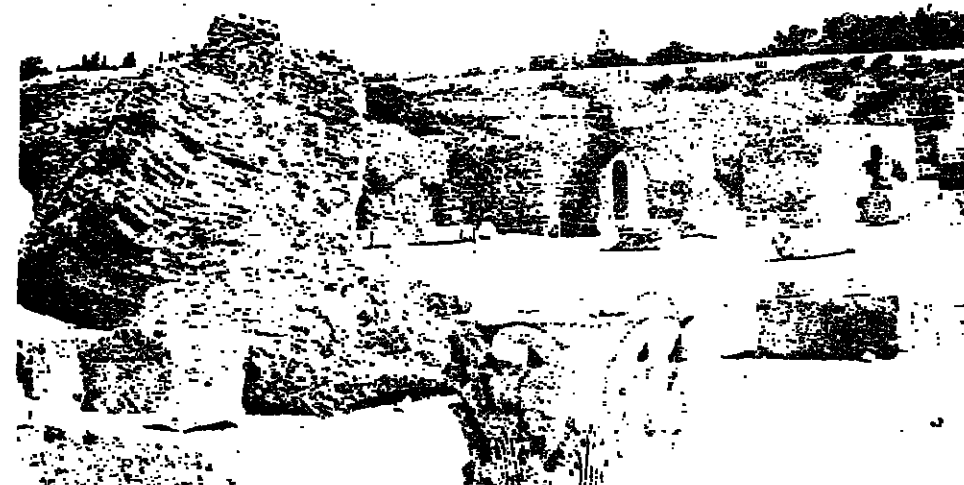
The train stops at various quarters of the ancient city. What evocative names! Salammbô for the ports of Byrsa and Amilcar. A neat brightly painted little station is called Hannibal. Except for an occasional column a heap of battered stones, one sees only the villas of the wealthy and the less magnificent dwellings of those who are less well off. All are well maintained, carefully

whitewashed and the woodwork and wrought metalwork painted in the same blue which emulates the cloudless sky above the restless sea beyond.

The Tunisian government, though, is determined that, as far as possible, Carthage will be restored. This is, of course, a long term plan, and it will involve some sacrifice on the

building and regulates archeological research.

"We are convinced," Ennabli insists, "of the remarkable destiny of Carthage. If we wish to preserve and restore it, we do so, not so much for archeology but for the nation and for the people of this and succeeding generations."



Baths of Antoninus at Carthage

part of those who have built over the principal sites for reclamation.

A management plan, approved by all the Ministerial departments concerned, was published in the government journal in 1978. This plan prevents further indiscriminate

Incorporated into the conservation scheme is a design for a National Park which will act as a 'breathing zone' for the city of Tunis. UNESCO is assisting in the whole project. There are numerous important Muslim and Christian sites awaiting restoration.

Strike brings Hollywood to a standstill

HOLLYWOOD, Aug. 23 (LAT) — Mid-afternoon at Paramount and along the outside of the DeMille building, the parking spaces are empty and the "visitor" placards between the white lines are unobstructed by transient Rolls-Royces. It's the first time in memory that the studio guard's summons — "park anywhere along the wall where you find an open spot" — can be followed without protest.

A few yards west, business isn't off, it's non-existent at Alec ("everyone calls me Jake") Jacob's shoeshine stand. This time of year, Jake normally handles 20 customers a day. "I sure hope we get some action here," he says and strolls into the studio street.

Further west, behind the locked glass door of Paramount's spanking new com-

missary, the tables are cleared of their tablecloths and salt and pepper shakers. It would be time for the fresh flowers to start wilting, but there are no fresh flowers on the tables today. "Dining room closed for the duration of the strike," a blue stenciled sign reads. It tells the story.

For a month now, the story has been the strike by the 67,000 members of the Screen Actors Guild and the American Federation of Television and Radio Artists against the producers of TV shows and feature films. Thanks to an assortment of interim agreements, a few cameras are rolling and some actors are working — but away from the studios.

Technically, the factories are open, although the assembly lines, the sound stages,

are shut down. Management and support personnel arrive every day for work. Mainly, they're gearing up for next season — whenever that begins.

No one seems to know how long the actors strike will last. The two sides have not sat down together since they left the bargaining table on Aug. 4.

With actors off the job, the usually bustling lots are barren and the avenues dusty, like main street before a showdown. At Paramount, there were dozens of messengers bicycles lined up neatly against the walls. Usually they're circling the studio delivering scripts and pouches.



Arabs influenced European music during Middle Ages

This is the fourth part of a four part series on Arab music.

By Yousef Elmaleb

Many Arab musicians are influenced by American and European music, but early Arab musicians left their impact on European music between the tenth and fifteenth centuries. This can be traced to Arab Spain, the crusades, and the Ottoman Empire.

Arab Spain (713-1492) was an advanced cultural center, competing with Baghdad in many fields. Music in Spain had its own theorists, and instruments, although it was, in essence the same music being played in the rest of the Arab world.

Of the many Spanish Arab cities, Cordova became an important musical center during the time of Abd Al-Rahman III (891-961). Under him Spain reached the height of its glory. Granada became famous for its court singers; Seville was a center for manufacturing musical instruments, and in Salamanca there was founded the oldest music department in any Western university.

The crusaders were also a link between Arab and European music. The knights were impressed with the Arab music. They took back to Europe many instruments such as kettledrums, tambourines, cymbals and trumpets. War in those days was an effective channel for nations to influence each other.

The Ottoman Empire influenced many European countries especially of the Balkans. By 1529 the Ottomans had reached the gates of Vienna. Their influence took a variety of forms, but their musical influence can be seen in bringing such instruments to Europe as the santur, a zither that eventually developed into the harpsichord, the forerunner of the piano. Even bagpipes, associated now with Scotland originally came from Muslim lands.

Arab culture was the chief animating force between early Byzantine days and the Renaissance, and it radiated from Spain into the rest of Europe. That influence brought Europe the lute, guitar, and a one-stringed fiddle, which was said to have been a favorite of the poet Geoffrey Chaucer (1345-1400), the greatest figure in English literature before Shakespeare.

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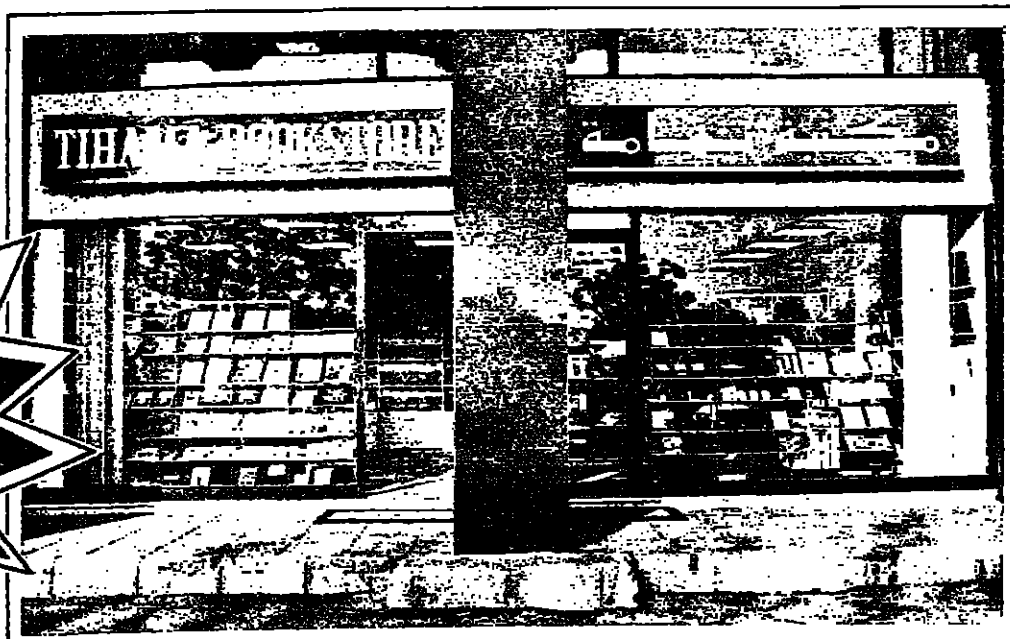
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BEST SELECTION OF BOOKS & GIFTS

Beat Reds 4-2

Pirates rebound from loss streak

NEW YORK, Aug. 23 (AP) — John Milner drove in three runs with a homer and double as the Pittsburgh Pirates snapped a four-game losing streak with a 4-2 victory over the Cincinnati Reds Friday night.

Winner Don Robinson, 5-6, gave up the Reds' runs on Ken Griffey's two-run homer in the eighth, when he needed Kent Tekulve's relief help. Tekulve gained his 19th save.

In other National League action, Ray Burris and Neil Allen combined on a nine-hitter and Cluett Washington keyed a

two-run sixth inning with an RBI single to help the New York Mets to a 4-2 victory over the Los Angeles Dodgers.

The San Francisco Giants scored a 10th-inning run without hitting the ball out of the infield as they beat the Philadelphia Phillies 4-3 and kept Steve Carlton from becoming the first NL pitcher to win 20 games.

Keith Hernandez, Ted Simmons and Ken Reitz hit home runs in a six-run fourth inning as the St. Louis Cardinals beat the Atlanta Braves 7-4 behind right-hander John Fulgham's five-hitter.

Larry Parrish doubled home a pair of runs and Ron LeFlore, Andre Dawson and Warren Cromartie had other run-scoring hits in a five-run fourth inning as the Montreal Expos snapped a three-game losing streak with a 6-2 victory over the San Diego Padres.

Enos Cabell singled home Dave Bergman from third base in 12th inning as the Houston Astros extended their NL lead to 2½ games with a 3-2 victory over the Chicago Cubs.

In the American League, Alan Bannister collected three hits and drove in two runs as the Cleveland Indians, aided by four Kansas City errors, defeated the Royals 4-1.

Al Oliver smashed a two-run homer and two double and Jim Sundberg added a two-hitter to lead the Texas Rangers to a 12-6 victory over Milwaukee in the first game of a doubleheader. Cecil Cooper drove in a pair of runs with a single and second homer of the night as Milwaukee defeated Texas 8-3 in the second game.

Lamar Johnson tripled across a run in the first inning and Brett Burns broke a personal five-game losing streak to lead Chicago to a 2-0 victory over Toronto. Ron Jackson's RBI groundout in the 13th inning led Minnesota to a 6-5 victory over Seattle. A throwing error by center fielder Juan Beniquez in the eighth inning allowed Glenn Hoffman to score as Boston beat the Mariners 1-0.

In late AL action on the West Coast, Bobby Grich tripled in two runs to climax a seven-run fifth inning that carried the California Angels to an 8-4 victory over the New York Yankees.

Gary Roenicke hit a two-out home run in the ninth inning to give Baltimore a 3-2 victory over the Oakland A's, moving the Orioles to within one-half game of the first-place Yankees in the AL East.

Baseball Standings

National League				
	W	L	Pct.	GB
Pittsburgh	48	54	.557	—
Montreal	46	56	.541	2½
Philadelphia	44	58	.538	2½
New York	56	46	.575	1½
St. Louis	53	49	.545	1½
Chicago	49	51	.500	1½

Friday's Games				
Montreal 6, San Diego 2				
St. Louis 7, Atlanta 4				
New York 4, Los Angeles 2				
San Francisco 4, Philadelphia 3				
Pittsburgh 3, Cincinnati 1				
Houston 3, Chicago 2, 12 innings				

American League				
	W	L	Pct.	GB
New York	73	48	.603	—
Baltimore	72	48	.600	—
Milwaukee	67	53	.560	7½
Boston	63	55	.534	8½
Cleveland	63	57	.525	9½
Detroit	62	58	.517	10½
Toronto	50	70	.417	22½

Friday's Games				
Texas 12-3, Milwaukee 6-4				
Chicago 2, Toronto 1				
Cleveland 4, Kansas City 1				
Minnesota 6, Detroit 5, 12 innings				
Baltimore 3, Oakland 2				
California 8, New York 2				
Boston 1, Seattle 0				



John Milner

El Cordobes said dying after bull goring in Spain

Madrid, Aug. 23 (R) — Bullfighter Manuel Benitez — "El Cordobes" — was reported this week to be "on the verge of death" after being gored by a bull last Monday.

El Cordobes was about to plunge his sword into the bull when the bull slashed him in the groin with his right horn, causing a wound 25 centimeters in depth. The injury occurred during the annual fair in Quintanar de la Orden near Toledo. After first aid and a blood transfusion, the torero was taken to a Madrid hospital for surgery.

At first it was believed that his injury was not too serious. He grinned and joked with the anesthetist before the operation. But the latest bulletin said his condition was critical. In considerable pain, he said, "If the bull gets you, it is the will of God."

Manuel Benitez, the poor boy who became a millionaire by his brave but eccentric style of bullfighting, is now 44. His great days were in the sixties during the boom years of Spanish tourism, when, nicknamed "the beetle of the bullring," he commanded astronomical fees and was the idol of the tourists. Spanish aficionados, however, frowned on his intransigent antics, such as his notorious "frog" jumping pass.

He retired six years ago to his country estate but made a comeback last year. Reportedly he invested his riches wisely and returned to the ring only because he missed the hearty applause of the public.

His wife Martina, who is French, was on holiday in Biarritz with her sister when El Cordobes was gored. She flew back to Madrid.

Watson fades, Stadler takes lead in world series of golf

AKRON, Ohio Aug. 23 (AP) — With the two biggest guns in the game — Tom Watson and Jack Nicklaus — falling back, Craig Stadler rode his no-bogey, 2-under-par 68 into the second round lead Friday in the \$400,000 World Series of Golf.

Stadler, a chunky guy called "The Walrus" by his fellow touring pros, put together a 36-hole total of 135, five under par for two trips over the rain-soaked Firestone Country Club course.

The course was so saturated by heavy overnight rains that officials were forced to allow the elite, international field of 32 to lift, clean and place balls in the fairway. But the ability to get their hands on the ball in the fairways didn't seem to help Watson and Nicklaus.

Watson, a 2-stroke leader at the start of the day, struggled to a 75 that left the British Open champion at 140, five strokes back. Nicklaus, winner of the U.S. Open and the PGA, also was at par 140 after a 72.

"I drove the ball in the rough four times and I played those holes four over par,"

Nicklaus said. "Obviously, that hurt. I just didn't save anything."

Jerry Pate, who tied the tournament record with a 6-under-par 64 that included a gaudy array of nine "3's" on his card, and Ben Crenshaw shared second at 136, a single shot back of Stadler. Crenshaw had a 69.

Ray Floyd and defending champion Lon Hinkle were another stroke behind at 137. Floyd had a solid 68 and Hinkle a 69.

Lee Trevino, who is challenging Watson for the Vardon Trophy, which goes to the man with the low stroke average for the year, and skinny Mike Reid were at 138. Trevino had another 69 and Reid matched par 70 in the mild, hazy, cloudy weather.

Stadler, winner of the Bob Hope Desert Classic and the Greensboro Open, was characteristically low-key about his performance.

"I didn't make many mistakes," he said. "And when you don't make any bogeys on this golf course, you're gonna have a low score."

He reached the par-5 second hole in two and 2-putted for birdie, dropped a 20-footer for birdie on the ninth and parred the other 16. He missed only two greens, the 12th and 14th.

Crenshaw birdied the second and third holes and, at that point, had the lead alone. But he bogeyed the next two and had to rally with a 34 on the back to stay close.

Pate hit short irons close to the hole for four of his birdies, made a couple of long putts for two others and highlighted his round by holing a 30-yard sand shot for birdie on the ninth.

Scores	
67-68-135	Ben Crenshaw
67-69-136	Jerry Pate
68-68-136	Lon Hinkle
68-69-137	Ray Floyd
68-69-138	Lee Trevino
68-70-138	Mike Reid
68-70-139	Bob Gilder
68-70-139	Gary Player
68-70-139	Howard Wright
68-70-139	Bruce Lutzke
68-72-140	Jack Nicklaus
68-72-140	Larry Nelson
68-75-143	Tom Watson

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PULLING AHEAD: Early in foreign competition in the America's Cup, crewmen aboard the *Enterprise* grind the winches as they build a lead over the *France 3*.

As one America's Cup entry

Enterprise bows to favored Freedom

By Angus Phillips

NEWPORT, R.I. Aug. 23 (WP) — When the 12-meter yacht *Enterprise* prepared for sea last week the crew carried lunches out to the dock in two red coolers. One was marked "The Good Yacht." The other was marked "Freedom."

"The Good Yacht" sandwiches went aboard a boat called *Enterprise*.

That day was an off-day for *Freedom*, the vessel favored to win the right to defend the cup against a foreign challenger next month. Atypically, skipper Dennis Conner actually took the day off, nursing a sore throat that has bothered him for three days.

But *Freedom* went to sea anyway for sail testing and along with her went her constant companion since the day she was launched 1½ years ago *Enterprise*. According to crewman Don McAfee, *Enterprise* is destined to be "The greatest yacht no one has ever heard of." And her crew will be even less heralded.

Yet to a man, the people of the *Enterprise-Freedom* syndicate claim it's "the good yacht" that has given *Freedom* its winning edge.

"When we started out we didn't know which of the two boats Dennis would pick," said Jack Sutphen, the 60-year-old, windburned skipper of *Enterprise*. "We set up a schedule. First he'd take *Enterprise* and make her as fast as he thought she could go. Then he'd get in *Freedom* and try to make her faster. When he did that he'd go back in *Enterprise* and start all over again."

It took several months of that before *Freedom* the new boat, convinced Conner it was the better of the two. Even now, a year later, the people who said on *Enterprise* have their doubts.

"They let us win every cup but the one that counts," muttered John McGowan, who has been with *Enterprise* since the beginning.

Indeed, three times *Enterprise* has gone head-to-head with 12-meter that are battling for the America's Cup this year. Last winter she beat *Freedom* in two of three races to take the California Cup. This summer she defeated *France III*, *Sverige* and *Intrepid* to take the Rhode Island Governor's Cup here.

A week later she took on *Courageous*, *Clipper*, *Freedom* and *Intrepid* and swept by all four to take the Caritis Cup.

Who is this speedy yacht, and why isn't she racing for all the marbles?

Enterprise is one of the cornerstones in Conner's complicated, unbending plan to win the cup. She is his control boat, which means she runs fast and constant to give Conner something to run faster than.

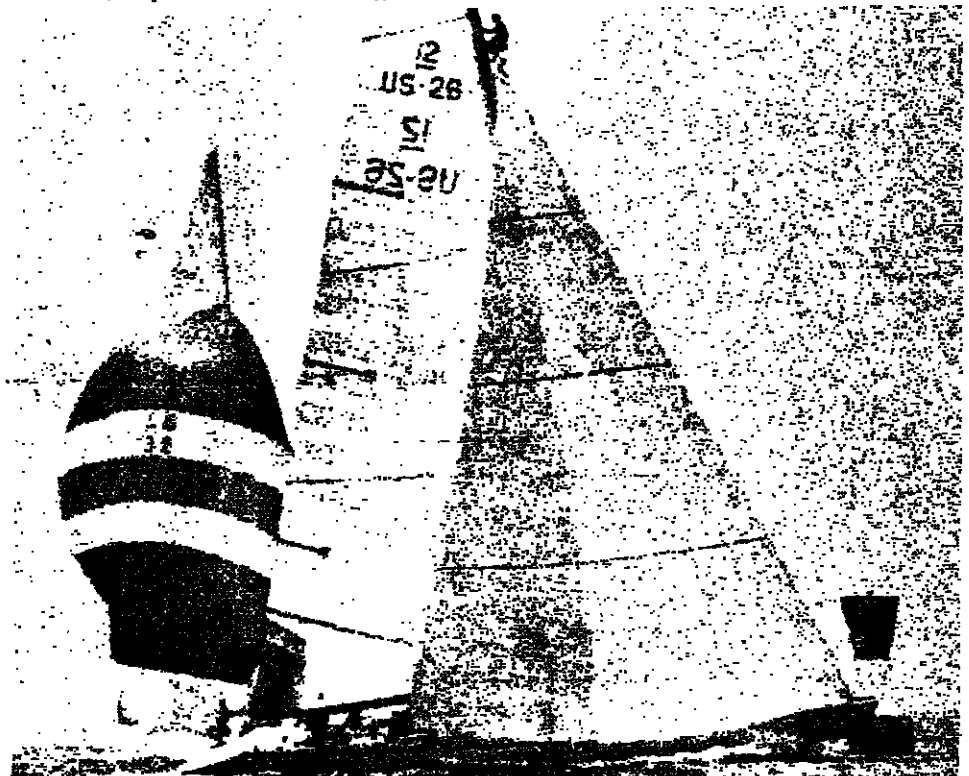
"None of us has any doubt that Dennis could take this boat and win the cup over *Clipper* or *Courageous*," said Sutphen. But instead she is stuck in steeage.

With a howling 20-knot breeze blowing last week, Sutphen took a rider along to show

colorful chute perfectly and bore off downwind. *Freedom* came right behind with a new spinnaker to test. She didn't last long on that leg.

"We saw a little rip in the chute," said *Freedom*'s skipper-for-the-day, Tom Whidden. "When we went to haul it down, it exploded." One spinnaker down, and *Enterprise* still galloping.

Later, on an upwind leg, Sutphen handed the helm over to his visitor. It was an incred-



DARING YOUNG MAN: Ted Turner, *Courageous* captain, sent a crewman to the top of his yacht to free a jammed spinnaker halyard. The yacht slipped around the leeward mark ahead of *Clipper* in last week's trials.

how it works. "Get the spinnaker out," he shouted when the two yachts had cleared Newport harbor *Freedom*'s crew wanted to test spinnakers.

"Which one?" asked *Enterprise* bowman John Sparkman — grinning. "Wait a minute," he mused. "I think I know." *Enterprise* had only one spinnaker on board, whichever one *Freedom* didn't want. "Second-hand rose, that's us," said Sutphen.

Enterprise's unknown crew popped the ible feeling, handling this great greyhound of the sea through a 20-knot northeaster, the seas boiling up under the belly of her huge genoa jib. She held her own again against *Freedom*.

It was a short session, *Freedom*'s crew calling a halt early for fear they might break some gear they'd need for racing against *Courageous*.

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CLISSON	31-8-80	Barley
HOHSING ARROW	2-9-80	Steel Pipes

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إدارة الميناء

Ovett glides past Walker to win mile at Brussels

BRUSSELS, Aug. 23 (AP) — Steve Ovett of Great Britain easily captured the mile in the fourth annual Ivo Van Damme memorial track meet Friday, a meet that failed to produce record-breaking performances despite the participation of some of the world's best athletes.

Ovett was timed in 3 minutes, 51.56 seconds, well ahead of John Walker of New Zealand, who clocked 3:52.20, but well above his own world record of 3:48.8. Notably absent from this event was Sebastian Coe, who backed out of the meet on Thursday after aggravating an old injury to a back nerve.

Track fans in England also will miss a scheduled Ovett-Coe showdown next Monday in the "Golden Mile" at London's Crystal Palace. Coe said this week he is not fit enough to take part in that event.

Another last-minute no-show in the starting blocks at the Heysel Stadium here on Friday was Edwin Moses, who complained on having a cold. The American was scheduled to go after his world record of 47.13 seconds in the 400-meter hurdles.

The victory went to Harald Schmid of West Germany, who was clocked in 49.08, comfortably ahead of James Walker of the U.S., who was timed in 51.13.

In pole vaulting, Frenchman Thierry

Vigneron won easily by clearing a height of 5.78 meters, just 8 centimeters under the world record set by Wladislaw Kozakiewicz of Poland at the Moscow Olympics.

Kozakiewicz, although scheduled to participate Friday, did not show up. Vigneron narrowly missed on three occasions to break the Pole's record as he attempted 5.80 meters. In the past, Vigneron has cleared 5.77 meters but that was at indoor meets.

The Brussels event was not one for indoor athletes. There was a strong wind at the meet, named after the Belgian athlete who won two silver medals in Montreal and died shortly afterwards in a car accident in France. Some 40,000 people attended Friday's meet.

They saw Canada's Angela Taylor win both the 100 and 200 meters for women in 11.34 and 21.71 respectively. Another Canadian woman ending up with gold was Debbie Brill who managed 2.90 meters in the high jump, just 11 centimeters under the world record of Italy's Sara Simeoni.

As expected, Pietro Mennea of Italy won the men's 200 meters in 20.05 or 0.33 seconds slower than his world record. The United States won three gold medals (Stanley Floyd, 100 m, 10.27; Willie Smith, 400m, 46.16; and Don Paige, 800 m, 1:45.4) six silver and two bronze.



WINNER: Steve Ovett, here shown equaling the 1500-meter world mark this summer in Oslo formerly held alone by fellow Briton Sebastian Coe, raced to an easy 3:51.56 mile first place in Brussels. Coe had withdrawn because of a bad back.

Leading Lyon absorbs 1st loss in soccer

PARIS, Aug. 23 (AFP) — The French First Division leadership changed hands Friday night when Lyon lost for the first time this season and Bordeaux, playing with 10 men for 15 minutes, won 2-0 away to Nimes.

Lyon, which narrowly escaped relegation last season, had won four and drawn one of their first five games and were outplaying defending champions Nantes until midfielder Jean-Amadou Tigana hit a terrible pass across the line of the penalty area forcing Lyon keeper Yves Chauveau to pull down Bruno Baronechelli to prevent a Nantes goal.

Center-back Patrice Rio converted the penalty right on halftime and despite Lyon's

second half efforts the 2-1 score for Nantes stayed the same. The home club had taken the lead through Oscar Muller but Alain Moizan had equalized for Lyon after 24 minutes.

Bordeaux spent heavily on new players in the close season and their investments look as if they are beginning to pay off. Former St. Etienne striker Bernard Lacombe and ex-Strasbourg winger Albe Gemmrich were again on target as the "Girondins" beat bottom-of-the-table Nimes Olympique 2-0. Bordeaux lost defender Jean-Christophe Thourvenel when he was sent off with 15 minutes to go but Nimes never carried them.

Saint Etienne moved up to third after trouncing Angers 5-0 with a first half hat-trick by 18 year-old Laurent Roussey.

Paris Saint Germain, the only other unbeaten club beside Lyon before Friday, crashed 4-0 away to Monaco for whom captain Jean Petit grabbed a couple.

Result:

Scholar 1 Brest 0
Nimes 0 Bordeaux 2
Tours 3 Lille 3
Valenciennes 2 Auxerre 0
Monaco 4 Paris Saint Germain 0
Metz 4 Strasbourg 1
Saint Etienne 5 Angers 0
Lorient 0 Nice 1
Nantes 2 Lyon 1
Lens 0 Nancy 0.

'Too much tennis' says Connors — yet beats Lendl

MASON, Ohio Aug. 23 (AP) — Jimmy Connors fears he may wear himself out by playing in too many tennis tournaments.

"You just can't go week after week playing tournaments," said Connors, 27, after crushing Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia to nail down a semifinal berth in the \$200,000 Association of Tennis Professional championships on Friday. Third-seeded Harold Solomon also defeated Roscoe Tanner in a quarterfinal match.

"If you do, you'll be a basket case. I'm almost a basket case now. I've played a lot of tournaments this summer," said Connors, the tournament's top seed.

If he was feeling tired, Connors didn't show it against Lendl, disposing of the No. 5 seed in less than an hour. Connors dominated the match from start to finish, 6-2, 6-0.

In semifinals Saturday, Connors faces Francisco Gonzales of Puerto Rico, who ousted Christophe Rager-Vasselin of France, 6-3, 6-3.

Solomon, a 6-4, 6-3 winner, said he was better able to handle the serve from the sixth-seeded Tanner because of his earlier matches. While Tanner was erratic with his serve, Solomon was not. He said he felt he was hitting all his shots especially well.



HUSTLING: American Jimmy Connors, here in action at Wimbledon, is worried that too much tennis will make him a "basket case."

Soviet Olympians used drugs, Briton says

LONDON, Aug. 23 (AP) — A common drug prescribed in the Soviet Union for everything from heart disease to mental fatigue was used by Soviet athletes in the Olympic games to better their performances, according to a British scientist.

Dr. Stephen Fulder, a specialist in gerontology studies — the ageing process — said in an article published Friday in the magazine *New Scientist*, that thousands of Soviet citizens benefit from a tiny creeping plant known as Eleutherococcus, which belongs to the same family as the Ginseng root.

The plant's extract, said Fulder, has been taken widely for health purposes in the Soviet Union for the past 20 years. Recently, he said, athletes started taking it to increase stamina and performance.

Because it is virtually unknown in the West, the shrub is not on any Western drug production list, said Fulder, and was not

among body-building substances banned in international competition.

Fulder said he gathered his evidence from research at Oxford and London universities. He said that, unlike many anabolic steroids and other drugs forbidden under international sporting regulations, Eleutherococcus has no harmful side-effects.

An occasional rise in blood pressure was the only noticeable effect, he said.

Fulder said that tests done in the Soviet Union showed that athletes who had taken Eleutherococcus chopped five minutes off their times over a 10-mile race.

The use of Eleutherococcus by athletes, said Fulder, was the culmination of years of research by scores of Soviet scientists, directed by the Soviet Academy of Science's Institute of Biologically Active Substances, located at Vladivostok.

The drug, approved by the Soviet health ministry in 1962, has been used by deep-sea

divers, move and mountain rescuers, climbers, explorers, soldiers — and factory workers to help resist stressful working conditions, said Fulder.

It was also occasionally prescribed for Soviet pilots and astronauts.

Gomez outboxes Holmes in WBC bantam fight

LAS VEGAS, Nev. Aug. 23 (R) — Wilfredo Gomez of Puerto Rico knocked down American Derrick Holmes eight times before finally stopping him in the fifth round Friday night retain his World Boxing Council (WBC) super-bantamweight title.

It was Gomez's 12th successful defense and all his 30 professional wins have come by knockout.

In Friday's fight he took control in the third round, dropping Holmes once, five times in the fourth and twice in the fifth as the bout scheduled for 15 rounds ended in confusion. A short right to the head knocked down the exhausted and overmatched Holmes the final time. As he hit the canvas his corner threw in the towel, an action illegal under Nevada State Athletic Commission (NSAC) regulations and subject to fine.

However, Gomez's cornermen, seeing the towel enter the ring, jubilantly leaped into the ring before the count reached 10-grounds for disqualification under NSAC rules. Referee Joey Curtis overlooked their presence and continued to count. Holmes lay on the canvas, propping himself up on his elbows and looking at the ceiling until the official knockdown judge reached 10.

It was several minutes before an official ruling came from NSAC executive secretary Roy Tension, who declared Gomez the winner by technical knockout, even though the challenger was counted out and Gomez could have been disqualified.

It made little difference — Gomez was clearly the superior fighter. The 23-year-old boxer from Santurce, Puerto Rico, suffered a few unexpectedly shaky moments in the early going, particularly in the second round when a short right cross to the jaw buckled his legs.

Dogged Jaeger surprises Austin

MAHWAH, N.J. Aug. 23 (AP) — Rookie pro Andrea Jaeger scored a major upset Friday night when she rallied to defeat Tracy Austin, the world's top-ranked women's player, in the quarterfinals of the \$100,000 Women's Cup tennis tournament.

Jaeger, who lost the first set and was one break point down in the second, rebounded to beat the tournament favorite by scores of 2-6, 6-4, 6-4 in a two-hour, 12-minute thriller. The unexpected triumph moves the 15-year-old into a Saturday afternoon semifinal against Sylvia Hanika of West Germany.

England tops Australia in cricket

BIRMINGHAM, Aug. 23 (AFP) — Australia went down to England in the second "Prudential Trophy" game at Edgbaston here Friday, but the real bad news for the tourists came when their captain Greg Chappell was injured in a hopeless cause and his team went down at 47 runs, to add to their 23-run defeat in the first game at the Oval on Wednesday. So England won the "Prudential Trophy."

Chappell's place in next week's century test could be in jeopardy, though Australia will want him on the field if he can do no more

than stand up, as he is their best batsman by several classes.

The team's physiotherapist, said: "The next 12 hours will be vital, in deciding whether he can make the test."

Tinn Hughes, Chappell's vice-captain, took on the responsibility of leading the reply with a magnificent 98 in 23 overs and all the other main batsmen played crisp, comparatively productive innings.

However, the run rate of almost six runs an over, which quickly climbed to eight, nine and beyond, was simply asking too much.



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ضاحية نموذجية متكفية ذاتياً مستوفية كافة المرافق

ومن هذه المرافق:

- | | | |
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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • مستشفى الضاحية الكبير • مستوصفات متفرقة • شاح للأطباء (عربات وسكن) • منطقة بنوك ومصارف للمواطنين • متزهات ومدينة ألعاب • (عرائك وأطفال) • كازينيو وادي القمر • ميدان لسباق الخيل • برج وادي القمر • نظم إلكترونية لطلب وإعارة • سواقير متفرقة • فندق نموذجي حديث • مواقف سيارات مزينة بأشجار | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • مسجد الضاحية الكبير • مساجد متفرقة • معاهد علمية ولغات • مدارس خاصة وروضة • مدارس ابتدائية وإعدادية • وثائقية (سين وبنات) • نادي ثقافي اجتماعي • رياضي • مساكن مكرسين • مركز حضاري • للاجتماعات والمؤتمرات • بحيرات اصطناعية • منطقة ملاعب رياضية | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • مجمع تسويق مواد غذائية • مجمع تسويق أدوات منزلية • مجمع تسويق لحوم وألبان • مجمع تسويق مواد بناء • مراكز للبريد والبرق • مراكز للهاتف • مراكز محطات النقل الجماعي • محطات بنزين • منطقة ورش • شركة كهرباء • مراكز شرطة • مراكز مرور • مراكز دفاع مدني |
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ويُقبل باب الحجز بعد

شهرين من الإعلان عن البيع

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امتلاك أي شيء

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الجهة التي سوف يتم الإعلان عنها ..

مع الطبيب تمثيلك

سقااص

سعارنا: خدمة كافة المواطنين بدون تمييز

١ - مساحة ١٢٠٠ متر بسعر ٢٠٥٠٠ ريال

٢ - ١٢٠٠ متر أو ما يزيد عنها بسعر ٢٥٦٢٥ ريال

١ - مساحة ١٢٠٠ متر بسعر ٣٠٧٥٠ ريال

٢ - ١٢٠٠ متر أو ما يزيد عنها بسعر ٣٥٨٧٥ ريال

١ - مساحة ١٢٠٠ متر بسعر ٤١٠٠٠ ريال

٢ - ١٢٠٠ متر أو ما يزيد عنها بسعر ٤٦١٢٥ ريال

١ - مساحة ١٢٠٠ متر بسعر ٥١٢٥٠ ريال

٢ - ١٢٠٠ متر أو ما يزيد عنها بسعر ٦١٥٠٠ ريال

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على الهاتف رقم ٦٩٠٢٢٠ جعدة
عند الإعلان عن البيع.

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مباشرة في أية جهة يتم الدفع فيها
بتفصيل أو بوكالة عن الغير.

BEETLE BAILEY

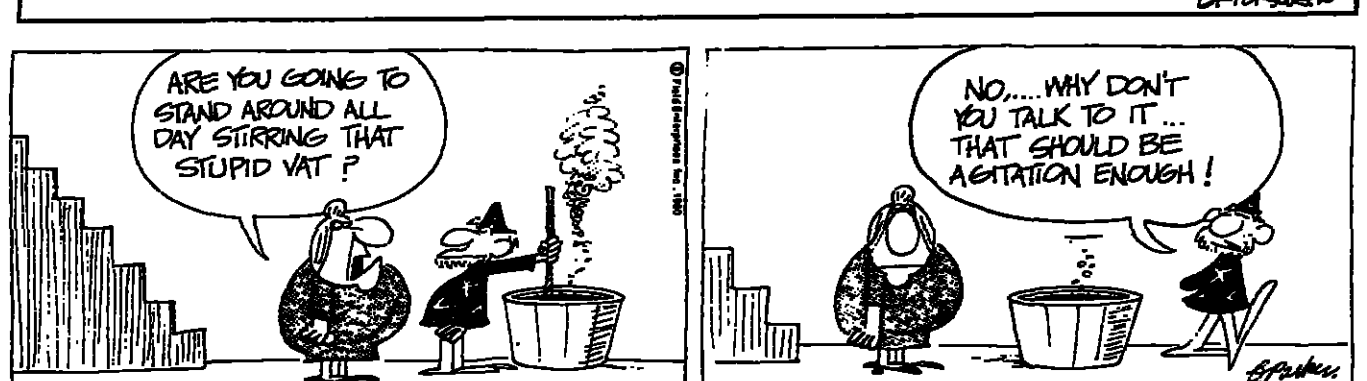
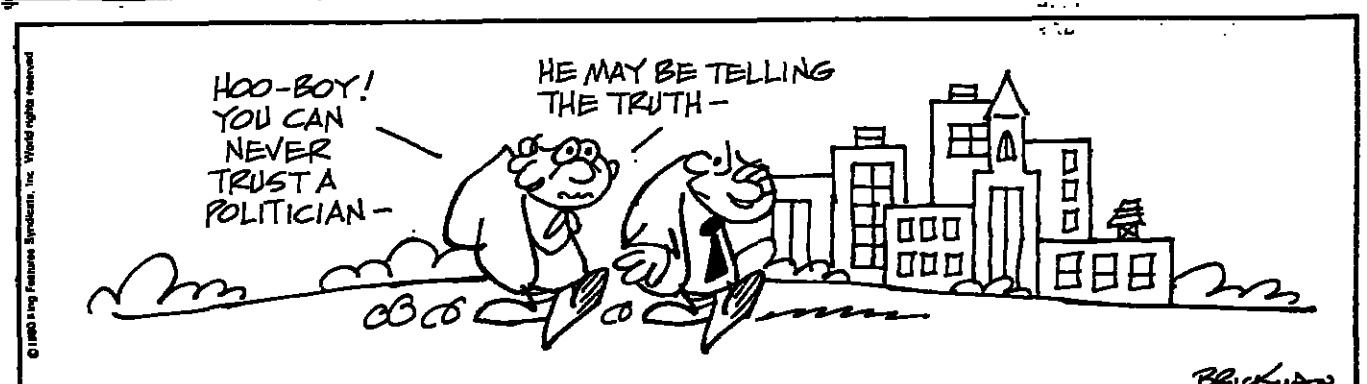
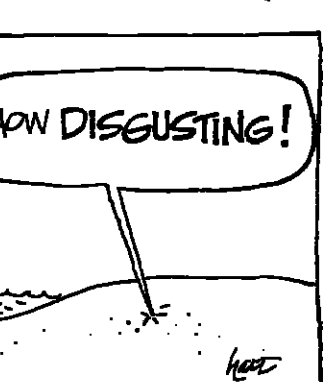
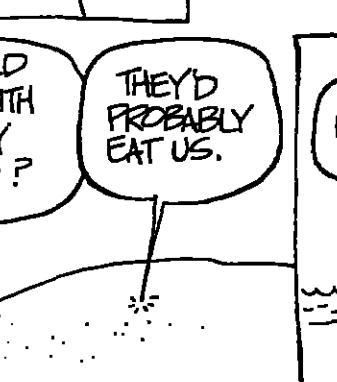
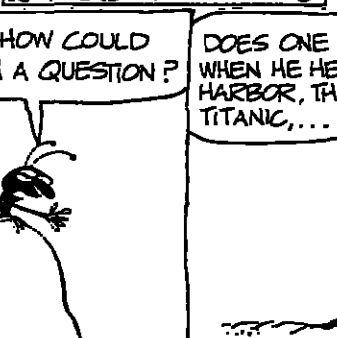
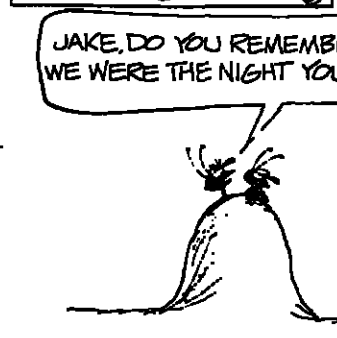
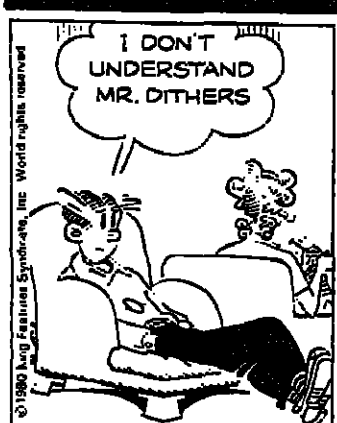
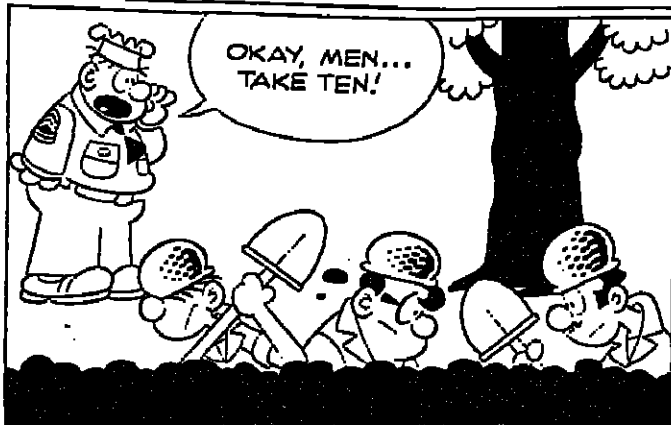
BLONDIE

B.C.

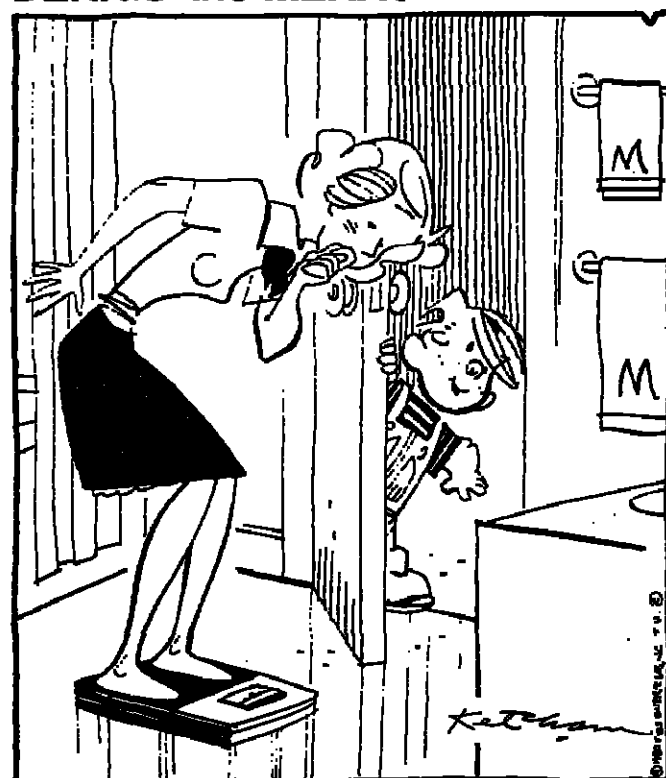
HAGAR

SMALL SOCIETY

WIZARD



DENNIS the MENACE



"AW, MOM... WHEN I SAID YOU WAS LIKE AN ELEPHANT, I MEANT YOU NEVER FORGET!"

Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

Look Before You Leap!

West dealer. North-South vulnerable.

NORTH		EAST	
♦ A 9 5	♥ 10 8 7 6 4	♦ 10 8 7 6 4	♥ 10 8 7 6 4
♣ A 9 5 2	♠ 10 9 5	♣ A 9 5 2	♠ 10 9 5
♦ K 3	♥ 9 7 4	♦ K 3	♥ 9 7 4
♣ J 3 2	♠ 8 6	♣ J 3 2	♠ 8 6
♦ A 5 3	♥ 6 3 2	♦ A 5 3	♥ 6 3 2
♣ A 7	♠ 8 6	♣ A 7	♠ 8 6
♦ A J 9 5 2	♥ 8 6	♦ A J 9 5 2	♥ 8 6

The bidding:

West	North	East	South
1♦	3NT	Pass	2NT
Pass	3NT	Pass	2NT

Opening lead — five of clubs.

Man is a creature of habit — and it would be hard to find a player to whom this generality does not apply. Consider this case where West leads a club against three notrump. Declarer follows low from dummy, winning East's eight with the ten, and plays a low diamond. West alertly goes up with the ace of diamonds and plays the ace of clubs followed by the jack. South wins with the queen, but the best he can do is cash three spades and three diamonds and go down one. West scores the last three tricks with the ace of hearts and 9-2 of clubs. The outcome seems normal and South appears to have bitten off more than he can chew. But the fact is that South should make the contract, and the reason he didn't was that he goofed at trick one. Instead of playing the three of clubs from dummy — from force of habit — he should play the king! Had South done that, nothing could have stopped him from making at least three notrump after leading a diamond from dummy at trick two. If West persisted with clubs, declarer would score three club tricks instead of only two, and would wind up making ten tricks. The "free" club finesse South gets at trick one by playing low from dummy is both a snare and a delusion. South should realize that West must have all three missing aces for his opening bid, so that nothing can be gained — but much can be lost — by playing the club three from dummy instead of the king. The hand as a whole is an excellent example of the principle that no play, however automatic it may seem, should be made before considering its effect upon the ultimate outcome. The first priority is to look before you leap.

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Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR SUNDAY, AUGUST 24, 1980

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

ARIES

(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)

Not much of consequence now. Friends in some way could impose upon your good nature. Watch a tendency to overdo.

TAURUS

(Apr. 20 to May 20)

Your mind is on business, but the less said about it at a social occasion the better. Watch out for ill-conceived plans.

GEMINI

(May 21 to June 20)

You can't be in two places at once, but that is your inclination. Both home and distant interests compete for your attention.

CANCER

(June 21 to July 21)

Talks about business may prove inconclusive. Others are prone to promise more than they can deliver. Be skeptical and prudent.

LEO

(July 22 to Aug. 22)

Small relationship problems could crop up over money. Either you or a close one leans toward extravagance. Watch spending.

VIRGO

(Aug. 23 to Sept. 22)

Too much social life could prove injurious to your health.

Unwelcome visitors could interfere with work that needs to be done.

LIBRA

(Sept. 23 to Oct. 23)

Try to use leisure time constructively. An aimless tendency could cause you to fritter away the hours. Focus on what you want to do.

SCORPIO

(Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

It is one of those days when you wish people would leave and then invite them to stay longer. An uneasy mix of friends and home life.

SAGITTARIUS

(Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)

Not a time for making promises which you won't be able to fulfill. Keep career expectations within reasonable limits.

CAPRICORN

(Dec. 22 to Jan. 19)

Little expenses could crop up to strain the budget. Avoid frivolous expenditure. Money has a way of disappearing now.

AQUARIUS

(Jan. 20 to Feb. 18)

You're inclined to eat or drink too much. Watch out for a minor health indisposition. Turn your attention to budgets and bookkeeping.

PISCES

(Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)

You seem to be playing hide and seek now. A tendency to withdraw competes with a need to socialize. Watch escapist tendencies.

Crossword

by THOMAS JOSEPH

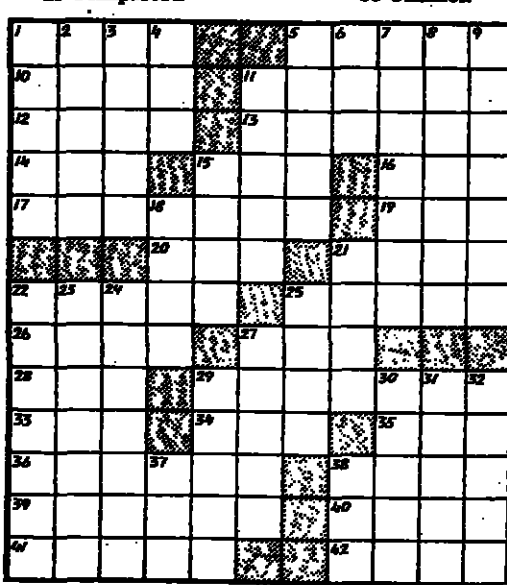
ACROSS

- Whaler sailor
- Italian city
- Nostrum
- Threw off
- "Gray Panthers" locale
- Turkish city
- Bo Derek's number
- transit...
- Chill in the air
- Stupefied
- Make clumsy
- Arena cry
- Dole out
- Trim, as a hedge
- Angured
- Come in second
- Colloidal substance
- French soul
- in good — (ultimately)
- Gal in song
- Turned on
- "Brandy —"
- Like a stadium
- End an affair
- Guarantee
- Royal name
- Change the clock
- Forest creatures

DOWN

- Violin-maker
- Siegfried's murderer
- Spectacle
- Partner of board
- One kind of pie
- Question
- Tilted
- In sequence
- Accomplished
- Dole out
- Shopper stopper
- Completed
- Shed
- Cast
- Wide-awake
- Vacuous
- Variety
- in France
- Futile
- Conveyor
- Nice street
- Cushion

Yesterday's Answer



DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE — Here's how to work it:

AXYDLBAAX
LONG FELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

JDX UP ACRX, SGSOSP NSP

ESGG CFNSW EUGG RSFXCUGL

VDJWDS HPS NCP UP QUV

VQUFX — YHPCXQCP VEUAX

Yesterday's Cryptquote: TO UNDERSTAND IS HARD, ONCE ONE UNDERSTANDS, ACTION IS EASY. — SUN YAT-SEN

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arab news CALENDAR

SAUDI RADIO

On FM at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band
On SW at 11.855 MHz in 25 meter band
On MW at 1485 Kilocycles in 302 meter band

VOA

P.M.		News Summary
8:00	News Roundup	10:30 VOC Magazine
	Reports: Actualities	America: Letter
	Opinion: Analyses	Cultural: Lingo
8:30	Dairline	11:00 Special English: News
	News Summary	11:30 Music U.S. (Jazz)
9:00	Special English:	
	News, Feature, The	VOA WORLD REPORT
	Making of a Nation	
	News Summary	Midnight
9:30	Music USA:	
	(Standards)	12:00 News Roundup
	News Roundup	voices correspondents
	Reports: Actualities	reports background
	Opinion: Analyses	feature reads
10:05		comments news analyses.

Industrial West 'failure of will' criticized by Third World body

UNITED NATIONS, Aug. 22 (AP) — As the U.N. General Assembly gets ready for a special session on the Third World's demands for a new international economic order, Asian, African and Latin American countries issued a communique Friday underscoring the width of the gap between the industrial and developing world.

The Group of 77, as the more than one hundred developing nations are known, noted that "no substantial progress had been achieved in (past) negotiations for bringing about the establishment of a new international economic order... The lack of progress

was owing to the failure of the developed countries to display adequate political will, even on issues requiring urgent and non-postponable action."

The developing countries called for "new rules and principles governing international trade, financial and monetary matters, which would ensure active participation and a just, equitable and effective role for developing countries in international decision-making and management."

"Failure of the special session," they said, "would have far-reaching adverse consequences for international economic cooperation, development, economic stability, world peace, security and justice."

Addressing the special assembly, which starts Monday, will be U.S. Secretary of State Edmund S. Muskie. The American delegation at the upcoming round of talks is expected to push for:

— Creation of an international fund to help oil-poor developing countries find their own oil or alternative sources of energy.

— Establishment of emergency food stockpiles in countries frequently threatened by famine and

In turn, the United States and other Western industrialized countries will be faced at the session by Third World demands for greatly increased aid, cancellation of more than \$360 billion in debts owed by developing countries, freer trade and guaranteed prices for raw materials.

The special session is the U.N. General Assembly's 11th and the third to deal exclusively with economics. The last economic session was in 1975. Its main objective is to initiate next January nine months of global negotiations aimed at implementing a new deal for poor nations in trade, commodity prices, finance and development during the coming decade.

One of the first orders of business at the session is to admit another developing nation, newly independent Zimbabwe, as the United Nations' 154th member. Robert Mugabe, prime minister of what formerly was the British colony of Rhodesia, is to address the General Assembly.

A senior U.N. official said he looked for Third World countries to take a more pragmatic, less dogmatic approach at the special economic session than they displayed at past rounds of the dialogue.

"There is a recognition that nothing is to be won by maintaining a climate of confrontation," the official said, conceding that too often in the past "what we've had is a succession of monologues — not a dialogue."

The U.N. official said the negotiations are complicated by the fact that the present recession in much of the industrialized world focuses the attention of Western governments on shorter-term problems of unemployment, inflation and negative balances of payments, rather than the long-range goal of a new world economic order sought by the Third World.

A high-ranking U.S. official here stressed that the United States opposed any efforts to commit industrial nations to contribute a suggested 0.7 per cent of their gross national products to development aid.

Noting resistance in the Congress to aid increases beyond the present 0.2 per cent, the official said, "we will not commit ourselves to a target that we do not realistically think will be achieved." The target, the official noted, already had been hit by Nordic countries in Europe.

James McDonnell dead

ST. LOUIS, Missouri, Aug. 23 (R) — James Smith McDonnell, one of the pioneering giants of the U.S. aerospace industry and founder of aircraft builder McDonnell-Douglas, died Friday aged 81.

Starting with one employee in 1939, he built McDonnell Douglas into one of the world's largest manufacturers of commercial airplanes, military planes, spacecraft and missiles. Today the company has a workforce of more than 82,000 in the United States and Canada. McDonnell died at his home in suburban St. Louis while convalescing from a stroke he suffered several weeks ago.

With Dome Petroleum Japan in Arctic Sea oil hunt

TOKYO, Aug. 28 (AFP) — Japan's national oil corporation and Dome Petroleum Ltd. Friday agreed on the essentials of their joint development of oil resources in the Arctic Beaufort Sea.

Under the basic agreement, the state-run Japanese firm will extend 400 million Canadian dollars in loans to finance Dome's prospecting program in the sea until 1984. Crude oil production might begin in the Beaufort Sea in 1985, a Japanese spokesman said.

The Canadian firm will pay back the loans by supplying Japan with crude oil from oil fields developed in the Beaufort

Sea, the spokesman said.

The Japanese firm will also lend between ten and 15 per cent of the expenses necessary for the development of new oil fields after the initial exploration period and, in return, will acquire the right to purchase the same percentage of crude oil pumped from these oilfields.

The Beaufort Sea, near Canada's border with Alaska, is estimated to have deposits of 36,000 million barrels of crude oil and 340 trillion cubic feet of natural gas, and is often called another Saudi Arabia, the spokesman said.

Weekly Wall Street

'Junior growth stocks' hot

NEW YORK, Aug. 23 (AP) — With its behavior of the past several months, the stock market is threatening to dispel the bad image it acquired among many investors in the 1970s.

Most market indicators are at or near record levels, and even the lagged Dow Jones Industrial Average is not far from a 3 1/2 year high. But that only begins to tell the story. Consider an individual stock like Datapoint, a San Antonio, Texas, computer and office-products company whose shares have soared from 8.75 in 1977 to 80 as of last Friday.

Or take Computervision, a Bedford, Mass., concern that produces computer-aided design and computer-aided manufacturing systems (Cad-Cam for short). Its stock, adjusted for two 2-for-1 splits in the past 18 months, has climbed from less than 1 in issues like those, there's plenty to celebrate. But the heady atmosphere also gives some analysts pause.

"No one likes a bull market better than ourselves, but this is getting a little out of hand," said John Westergaard at New York's Equity Research Associates, a long-term advocate of the small, emerging companies he calls "junior growth stocks."

"We find 50 per cent moves in a month, such as we have seen in some of our stocks, rather disconcerting," Westergaard said in a report to clients this month. "We might look temporarily smart, but what does one do for an encore?" Early in the past week, the market sold off briefly. But by Wednesday prices were on the rise again.

The Dow Jones Average of 30 blue chips, after starting off Monday and Tuesday with a

loss of almost 27 points, wound up with a net decline of only 8.53 at 958.19. The New York Stock Exchange Composite Index rose .40 to 72.47, and the American Stock Exchange Market Value Index gained 7.09 to 332.15. Big board volume averaged 47.07 million shares a day, against 47.31 million the week before.

The experience of the past decade has conditioned many investors to regard market rallies as fragile and temporary, and to suspect that any stock that has had a good run should probably be sold before the bottom falls out. Whether the 1980 bull market can break that mold remains to be seen. But it has clearly attracted some believers. For example, Westergaard, despite the misgivings he voiced, still described himself as "very very bullish."

At the Bank of New York, which has better than \$6 billion under management and ranks No. 43 in Institutional Investor magazine's list of the nation's 300 largest money managers, chief investment officer Charles Booth reported: "Our strategy leads us to take and maintain positions in many stocks which have already appreciated in price."

Booth's thesis is that the economy of the 1980s will be very different from the '60s and '70s, and that the prices of many stocks which have done well lately still don't fully reflect that change.

"I believe that the economic downturn of 1980 marks the beginning of a prolonged period when consumer spending will remain surprisingly weak, while economic resources are shifted toward capital investment," he said. Thus, he argued, while the economy as a whole might be going nowhere, some parts of it still are likely to thrive.

Wall Street Report

Gains cut, Industrials up by 3

NEW YORK, Aug. 23 — After a sharply higher opening Friday on news that the consumer price index was unchanged for July, the market gave back part of its gain in the final two hours of trading. Volume slowed slightly from the opening hour's 17 million shares, but final volume of 59 million was well ahead of Thursday's pace. At the final bell advancing issues outnumbered declines by 997 to 538. The DJIA was ahead 3.16 to 958.19, after being up over 10 points transports were up 2.80 to 327.73, and utilities were off .32 to 11.29. Late profit taking was spurred in part by a Mobil report that a test section of its Ben Nevis well had failed to show significant flows from that particular zone. Leadership was again borne by energy, oil service and technology stocks. Following the close, the Federal Reserve announcement that the nation's basic money supply M1-A was 377.1 billion.

In the energy sector, Mobil was down 1 1/4 to 71 1/4 after trading

as high as 74 1/4 prior to the Hibernia environment. Exxon was ahead 1/4 to 72 1/4. Tectra gained 3/4 to 38 1/4, Philip surged 2 1/4 to 43 1/4, Murphy was up 1 1/4 to 40 1/4, while Mesa Petroleum, big gainer of late, back 1 1/4 to close at 84 1/4.

In the oil service area, Ocean, drilling was up 5 1/4 to 62 1/4, Halliburton gained 2 1/4 to 124 1/4, and Dresser Industries was up 1 1/4 to 73 1/4. Automobile stock were lower. GM lost 1/4 to 55 1/4, Ford was down 1/4 to 27 1/4 while Chrysler slipped 1/4 to 9 1/4.

Among technology issues Data General was up 1 1/4 to 86 1/4, Honeywell was ahead 1 1/4 to 93 1/4, National Semiconductor was up 1 1/4 to 126, Computeration, adding to its recent gains, was up 1 1/4 to 49 1/4 and Sperry gained 1/4 to 56 1/4.

Precious metals issues were generally higher, with ASA up 1/4 to 59 1/4, Homestake up 2 1/4 to 69 1/4, and Campbell Red Lake ahead 1/4 to 59 1/4. Laker ahead 1/4 to 59 1/4.

Merrill Lynch International & Co.
 Market

Ford defect may prompt huge recall

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (R) — A hearing on an alleged defect in Ford gearboxes which could lead to the biggest car recall in history ended Friday with Ford owners blaming the firm for accidents, and the company accusing drivers of carelessness.

The Transportation Department, which held the enquiry, is expected to decide in about three months whether 91 million Ford vehicles should be recalled.

The department made an initial finding last June that the vehicles had defective automatic gearboxes which let them slip out of the "park" gear and start moving suddenly.

Ford lawyer William Coleman said Friday: "The problem or phenomenon we are talking about is that the person thinks they put the car in park but failed to do so or do it properly. Driver error is an industry problem, not just a Ford problem," he added.

But Phil Edmonston, of Canada's government-subsidized Auto Protection Association, told the hearing the alleged problem is "not caused by vengeful consumer advocates or biased press reports and certainly not by negligent, suicidal Ford owners."

Clarence Dildow, a spokesman for the Center for Auto Safety, a private consumer group, said: "The car and not the motorist is wrong."

Referring to an enquiry by the Transportation Department's National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), he asked: "How else can you explain that no other competitor approaches the number of complaints and accidents even before the NHTSA investigation?"

Foreign Exchange Rates

Quoted at 5:00 P.M. Saturday	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
Bahraini Dinar	—	8.95	8.90
Belgian Dollar	115.00	113.00	—
Canadian Dollar	2.85	—	—
Deutsche Mark (100)	187.00	188.00	184.70
Dutch Guilder (100)	170.00	173.00	170.00
Egyptian Pound	—	4.50	4.30
Emirates Dirham (100)	—	90.50	90.20
French Franc (100)	80.00	81.50	79.80
Greek Drachma (1,000)	—	80.00	—
Indian Rupee (100)	—	—	42.90
Iranian Rial (100)	—	—	—
Israeli Lira (100)	—	9.50	—
Irish Dollar	39.00	40.00	39.20
Italian Lira (10,000)	14.80	—	15.10
Japanese Yen (1,000)	—	11.43	11.33
Jordanian Dinar	—	12.41	12.39
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	97.40	97.20
Lebanese Lira (100)	—	81.00	87.20
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	—	33.85
Pakistani Rupee (100)	7.84	7.92	7.91
Philippines Peso (100)	—	91.75	91.50
Pound Sterling	—	—	1.58
Qatari Rial (100)	—	53.00	48.00
Swiss Franc (100)	204.00	204.00	200.30
Syrian Lira (100)	—	77.25	85.40
Turkish Lira (1,000)	—	3.32	3.33
U.S. Dollar	—	73.10	72.95
Yemeni Rial (100)	—	68.400.00	—
Gold kg.	—	6,970.00	—
10 Tolas bar	—	—	—
Silver kg.	—	—	—

Cash and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Jeddah. Tel: 23815.

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SA	Closing Date
Air Force Command, Dept. of supplies	Construction of stonchouses at King Abdul Aziz Air Base in Dhahran	—	2000	Sept. 6
Municipality of Mecca	Construction and repairs of mountain roads (second portion)	126/12/11	300	Sept. 15
Municipality of Jeddah	Fencing of the graveyard in Nuzhah Yamani, Jeddah	27	500	Sept. 1
" " "	Temporary asphaltting in areas inhabited by limited income group (first stage)	28	10000	Aug. 31
" " "	Temporary asphaltting in areas inhabited by limited income group (second stage)	29	10000	Sept. 1
" " "	Completion of beautification works at the corniche	30	10000	Sept. 5
" " "	Maintenance of plants along the streets (first stage)	31	1000	Sept. 10
" " "	Supply of car tires and tubes	32	1000	Sept. 20

PORTS AUTHORITY

JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT
SHIPS MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HOURS ON
23RD AUGUST, 1980 — 12TH SHA'WAL, 1400

Berth	Vessel	Agent	Cargo	Date
Ro Ro	Merzario Fenicia	A.E.T.	Contr/Ro Ro Units	22.8.80
5	Atlantic Freezer	O.C.E.	Chicken	15.8.80
7	Darfur	A.E.T.	Foodstuffs/Contr/Ro	22.8.80
8	Amali	El Hawi	Dura	21.8.80
9	Svanur	Abdallah	Poultry	22.8.80
12	Barge 338-1	Gulf	Pylons	15.8.80
18	Medonment Carrier	Rolaco	Bulk Cement	18.8.80
19	E G D A	Alasabah	Bulk Cement	15.8.80
23	Freezer Prince	O.C.E.	Frozen Meat/Fish	9.8.80
27	City of Canterbury	A. E. T.	Foodstuffs/Wire Rope	22.8.80
28	Hilco Speedstar	Star	Fruit/Chicken	15.8.80
39	Abdul Latif	El Hawi	Timber	22.8.80
41	Rio Igazu	Alireza	Gen/Bulldozers	11.8.80
42	Kimolos	Alasabah	Bagged Sugar	22.8.80

2. RECENT ARRIVALS:

Zeus 1	Rolaco	Bulk Cement	22.8.80
Pharos	Azar	Containers	22.8.80
City of Canterbury	A.E.T.	Containers	22.8.80
Abdul Latif	El Hawi	Foodstuffs/Wire Rope	22.8.80
Kimolos	Alasabah	Timber	22.8.80
Merzario Fenicia	A.E.T.	Bagged Sugar	22.8.80
Darfur	A.E.T.	Contrs / Ro Ro Units	22.8.80
Naveen	Fayez	Foodstuffs/Contr/Ro	22.8.80
Svanur	Abdallah	General	22.8.80
Nopal Bramco	Fayez	pPoultry	22.8.80
Fose Dunkerque	Razayst	Vehicles	23.8.80
Oakland	Fayez	Contr/Ro Ro Units	23.8.80
Lalandia	Barber	Containers	23.8.80
Zahi	S'bokahi	Containers	23.8.80
		Canned Food/Timber	23.8.80
		Gen/Marble	23.8.80

DAMMAM PORT MANAGEMENT
SHIP MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HOURS OF
12.10.1400 — 23.8.1980 — CHANGES PAST 48 HOURS

1. VESSELS DISCHARGING:

Berth	Ship	Agents	Cargo	Date
9	Nedlloyd Bangkok	Karoo	Fertilizer/Gen.	19.8.80
11	Baltic Freezer	Gulf	Frozen	20.8.80
12	Katerinac	Alasabah	Cement/Steel/Gen	22.8.80
14	O A K	Algasabir	Pipes	22.8.80
20	New Courage	Gossabir	Bagged Cement	16.8.80
21	Pacific Insurer (DB)	Alireza	Bulk Cement	10.8.80
32	Jagat Priya	Gulf	Bagged Barley	16.8.80
36	World Wouth (DB)	S M C	Bulk Cement	3.8.80



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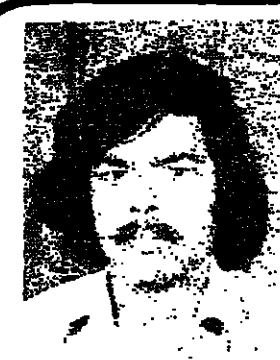
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OR TEL: 833-9559



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Main Telex 400583 AIS SJ
Residence Phones 23066 and 601471 (Out of Hours).

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PAGE 12

International

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Meet Polish strikers

Communists forced to talk

GDANSK, Poland, Aug. 23 (R) — Strikers who have crippled northern Poland to back demands for free trade unions forced the Communist authorities to the negotiating table Saturday.

Announcing a breakthrough in Poland's political and labor crisis, strike leaders said the Gdansk provincial governor, Jerzy Kolodziejewski, was arriving shortly at the Lenin Shipyard to begin preliminary talks.

The announcement followed a meeting Friday night between Deputy Prime Minister Mieczyslaw Jagielski and three members of the inter-factory strike committee (MKS) which the government had previously refused to recognize. The government's initial refusal led to total deadlock after the authorities had tried and failed to persuade the strikers from some 400 businesses along the Baltic coast to return to work.

"Our patience and persistence has won," a jubilant committee spokesman said.

Iran cleric asks purgers spare brains

TEHRAN, Aug. 23 (R) — A ranking Iranian cleric has called for an end to what he described as excesses in the campaign to purge the administration of people connected with the former Shah.

Some of the country's best brains are being expelled from their "extremely valuable jobs," Ayatollah Hossein Ali Montazeri was quoted as saying in an interview with the official Pars news agency.

The clergyman, widely regarded as spiritual heir to Ayatollah Khomeini, said he discussed the issue with the leader at a meeting on Thursday. He said no mercy should be shown to counter-revolutionaries and civil servants who were closely associated with the Shah's regime, but said "it is totally illogical that highly professional medical doctors, who just held jobs under the former regime, should be purged."

Iran needed professionals like doctors, he said and added: "If they are not counter-revolutionaries now, it is enough."

Exact official figures are not available for the total number of people removed from their jobs since the Islamic revolution began.

There was a marked atmosphere of relief and calm among the hundreds of workers in the Lenin Shipyard, from where the committee has controlled the Baltic strikes for 10 days.

The strike committee said the provisional governor would be holding preliminary discussions with a four-man committee to prepare for full negotiations with the deputy prime minister. The breakthrough came as church authorities in Warsaw released a letter from Polish-born Pope John Paul in which he expressed his concern over the developments in his homeland.

The pontiff said he was praying for the nation "in its arduous struggle for our daily bread, for social justice and for safeguarding its inalienable right to its own life and development."

The reference to Poland's right to its own life appeared to be a further echo of fears that have been voiced about possible Soviet intervention in Poland's eight-week labor trouble.

The trouble, which began on July 1 as a revolt over higher meat prices, mushroomed into a major political crisis when the Baltic workers organized what amounted to a challenge to the way Communist Poland is run.

The strike action has accused untold damage to Poland's already sick economy, but the strikers held out, even in the face of a massive propaganda drive by the official media which was aimed at shaming them into submission by showing the extent of the damage they were causing.

The authorities have also sought to discredit the strike leaders by branding them as anarchic, anti-Communist hotheads who were bent on pulling down Poland's one-party system. An official spokesman said their demands for such things as free trade unions and the abolition of censorship were political and unacceptable. But there now appears to have been a change of mood.

The MKS spokesman said the deputy prime minister had sought assurances from the strike leaders Friday night about their political intentions.

"He asked what we meant by free trade unions and wanted to know whether there were any hostile elements within our committee," the spokesman said. "We replied that what we meant by free trade unions is a body which is independent of all political parties, a strictly independent and non-political organization."



Secretary Muskie

U.S. avoids strong words on Poland

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (R) — The United States is carefully avoiding provocative statements about Polish labor unrest while trying to convey a clear message — Soviet intervention would have the gravest consequences.

President Jimmy Carter refrained from even mentioning Poland by name when he spoke Friday about the strikes.

"This is a time when human beings around the world, in a highly publicized way, are reaching out for freedom," Carter said on an election campaign visit to Detroit. "We see that in all the headlines today," he told members of a teachers union, "and they are also reaching out for the true principles of trade unionism."

The president spoke after conferring with his two main foreign policy advisers, Secretary of State Edmund Muskie and National Security Adviser Zbigniew Brzezinski, who are both of Polish extraction. Muskie was less reticent than the president.

"We have stressed repeatedly our view that internal problems in Poland are for the Polish people and the Polish authorities to resolve," he said in a statement.

The Carter administration was watching developments in Poland closely, Muskie said, adding that he hoped a solution would be found "which meets the wishes and interests of the Polish people."

Romuald Spasowski, Poland's ambassador to the United States, met Muskie's deputy, Warren Christopher, for half an hour and later told reporters he welcomed the secretary of state's remarks and considered U.S. comments in general helpful in dealing with the crisis. He said the Polish government was determined to find a solution and would do "everything possible not to use force" against the strikers.

Therefore, he said, he did not think there was a danger of Soviet military intervention. In a new paper interview published Friday, Carter said his administration was being very reticent in not expressing its views about the situation in Poland. But he added: "We hope, and I might say we expect, that there will be no further Soviet involvement in Polish affairs because of this series of strikes and demands for more political and economic improvements."

Times newsmen launch walkout

LONDON, Aug. 23 (AP) — For the first time since *The Times* first appeared in 1785, the newspaper's journalists, who are demanding a 21-per-cent pay rise, began an unlimited strike Friday.

Following 11 hours of negotiations with management, which ended in a deadlock, *The Times* journalists voted 117 to 54 to launch the walkout.

The talks were held under the auspices of the Arbitration and Conciliation Service (ACAS), which had recommended the 21-per-cent wage increase. Management, however, said that it could not agree to a rise of more than 18 per cent because of the newspaper's financial situation.

Management said that the Group Times newspapers, which belongs to the Canadian Thomson Company, would lose \$25 million this year.

The Times returned to newsstands last November after an 11-month suspension of publication caused by a dispute between management and unions over new technology and manning levels. The strike primarily involved printers' unions.

The National Union of Journalists (NUJ) has given its official support to the strike.

As picket lines formed outside the newspaper's entrance on Gray's Inn Road, near Fleet Street, a member of *The Times* management said after a vote by journalists that the paper would not appear on Saturday nor on Monday.

Soviet sub disregards Japan order

TOKYO, Aug. 23 (AP) — A disabled Soviet nuclear submarine was towed through Japanese territorial waters on Saturday, defying Japan's refusal of passage on grounds of a possible radiation hazard. The incident seemed sure to trigger a diplomatic protest.

The maritime safety agency reported that the sub, under tow by a Soviet seagoing tugboat, violated Japan's claimed 12-mile offshore limit as it passed between Okinoerabu and Yoron Islands in the Ryukyu Chain just north of Okinawa, and turned north toward home port in Vladivostok, Siberia.

The Soviets ignored warnings from Japanese patrol craft, but the Japanese stood by and took no action against the Russian flotilla. Prime Minister Zenko Suzuki said the Soviet defiance of Japan's wishes was an "unfriendly and very regrettable" act, and said a strong protest would be sent to the Kremlin.

The Japanese Foreign Ministry in a telephone call to the Soviet Embassy here, asked that the submarine be withdrawn from territorial waters. "It is to be regretted that the Soviet nuclear-powered submarine ignored the Japanese notice and entered Japanese territorial waters," it said.

Japan had earlier informed the Soviets that the sub, which was crippled by a mysterious fire at sea in the western Pacific last Thursday, not be towed through Japanese waters unless they gave assurances that there was no radiation hazard and the craft was not carrying nuclear weapons.

Kyodo news service said a senior Soviet official visited the foreign ministry Saturday.



Prime Minister Suzuki

Bombers hit police party in Allahabad

NEW DELHI, Aug. 23 (AP) — A man hurled two home-made bombs Saturday at a police party in violence-racked Allahabad, northern India, wounding one constable. The United News of India reported. The assailant was arrested, UNI said.

A district official told the news agency that gunfire and bomb explosions were reported Friday night from various parts of the city, where six people have died in Muslim-police clashes.

District Magistrate S.A.T. Rizvi claimed there were no casualties in the incidents which occurred at night in Allahabad, about 600 kilometers southeast of New Delhi.

"I have no hesitation in saying the situation is under control and even though there is tension, there is not much panic," Rizvi said.

Brakes a luxury

Burmese autos run on luck

RANGOON, Aug. 23 (LAT) — After his taxi had run two red lights, a recent visitor to Rangoon cleared his throat and asked the driver, "How come?"

"No brakes," the driver replied, shifting into low gear and bringing his 1947 Chevrolet to a screeching halt against the curb.

This experience says a good deal about the transportation system in this country of 35 million people and 26,800 cars, many of them more than 30 years old.

Combination of Burmese know-how and desperation has kept these antique vehicles going long past their prime. An old-car buff would find Burma a delight. But for the Burmese, after 18 years of an official ban on all luxury imports, keeping the cars going is a

Computers may surpass humans, expert believes

PALO ALTO, California Aug. 23 (AP) — Computers are being taught to give expert medical advice, decide court cases and think the way people do, and someday may even surpass even the best human minds, scientists say.

The newest computer programs attempt to get computers to handle complex concepts rather than just numbers, said Dr. Edward Shortliffe, one of 1,000 scientists attempting the first national conference on artificial intelligence at Stanford University this week.

But Shortliffe, a Stanford physician who is devising a program to help doctors treat cancer, said he doubted these "expert" computer programs would replace human experts any time soon.

"Because when it comes to common sense, computers are really not very good," he said.

Projects discussed at the week-long conference, which ended Thursday, included a program to determine blame and damage awards if a manufacturer's product causes injury. Another system from the University of Pittsburgh helps doctors diagnose diseases. It is scheduled for actual trials later this year.

A chess-playing computer program developed at Northwestern University won one of two games at the conference against Paul Benjamin, a computer scientist and chess player with an expert rating.

Benjamin and the computer split a \$1,500 prize. But there is even bigger money in the offing for computer chess players: the Fredkin Foundation of Cambridge, Massachusetts, has offered a \$100,000 prize for the first computer program to become world champion.

Nevertheless, scientists say they are still baffled at how to give computers "common sense."

"We don't understand our own minds," said Stanford Professor John McCarthy, a pioneer in the field. "If we could do adequate self-observation, maybe artificial intelligence would be easy, but then a lot of things would be easier."

Problems that seemed simple when they were envisioned many years ago have proved very thorny, Shortliffe said. One example is language translation.

"People thought you could just store big dictionaries in the computer and get translations. But it didn't work," he said.

Good Morning

By Jihad Khazen

It's all in the mind. That's what modern science tells us. Or, at any rate, much of it is all in the mind, if you see what I mean. Illnesses such as asthma, migraine, etc., etc.

As kids we were told the story of the two travelers on a night train. The sleeper's window was shut. "Exactly as it ought to be," said the first traveller, "since I have this terrible cold." "Never," said the other. "It has to be kept open. I have a bad case of asthma."

The two then went to sleep. But one of them, was only pretending. It was the man with the asthma, who, in the darkness of the compartment, aimed a tremendous kick at what he thought was the window. He heard a most satisfactory tinkle of breaking glass, and so slept soundly. The window was open. He could breathe.

The other chap heard the sound of breaking glass as well. But there was nothing to be done. The window was gone. So he spent the night coughing and moaning, and woke up with his cold much worse.

But on waking both men felt foolish, for the broken pane did not open onto the fresh air outside but merely to the corridor of the carriage.

I remembered the story as I read how prison doctors in the United States dealt with some cases of drug addiction, cases which previously had been thought quite immune to treatment. The doctors concerned said, "It's all in the mind."

They told the addicts that their unfortunate habits were okay by the authorities, since they couldn't be helped. "Therefore here is your daily fix and cheers," said the doctors. "If not good health, then at least satisfaction."

But the clever doctors began to decrease the dose daily without telling their patients and without changing the shape, weight or taste of the pills. The decrease, as you might say, increased to such a point that there was nothing in the pills but sugar, vitamins and such goodies. The afflicted were happy as larks. The state being the pusher, their supplies were assured.

But then the doctors, who had by now proved that it was all in the mind, overplayed their hand. They told the patients they were completely cured, that for the past few weeks they'd been pushing quite harmless pills.

"AAAAARRRRGGGGH!" screamed the prisoners in unison, going uniformly blue in the face, breaking in cold sweat and generally showing all signs of severest possible withdrawal.

You see, it's all in the mind.
Translated from *Ashraf Al Awwad*

Fishermen reimpose ban at Le Havre

PARIS, Aug. 23 (AP) — Activity at the port of Le Havre, third largest in the European Common Market, was brought to a near standstill again Saturday as striking French fishermen reimposed their blockade after lifting it for a day.

The fishermen called off the blockade at Le Havre and several other ports Friday for 24 hours as "a gesture of goodwill so that serious negotiations can get underway." Two earlier negotiating sessions ended in deadlocks.

The harbor was a ballet of incessant tugboats, cargo ship and tanker traffic entering and leaving the port throughout Friday and early Saturday. Car ferry traffic between Le Havre and Southampton, England, resumed after 10 days of interruption and officials said more than 3,000 British tourists already had left for home. The car ferries were permitted to continue operating Saturday.

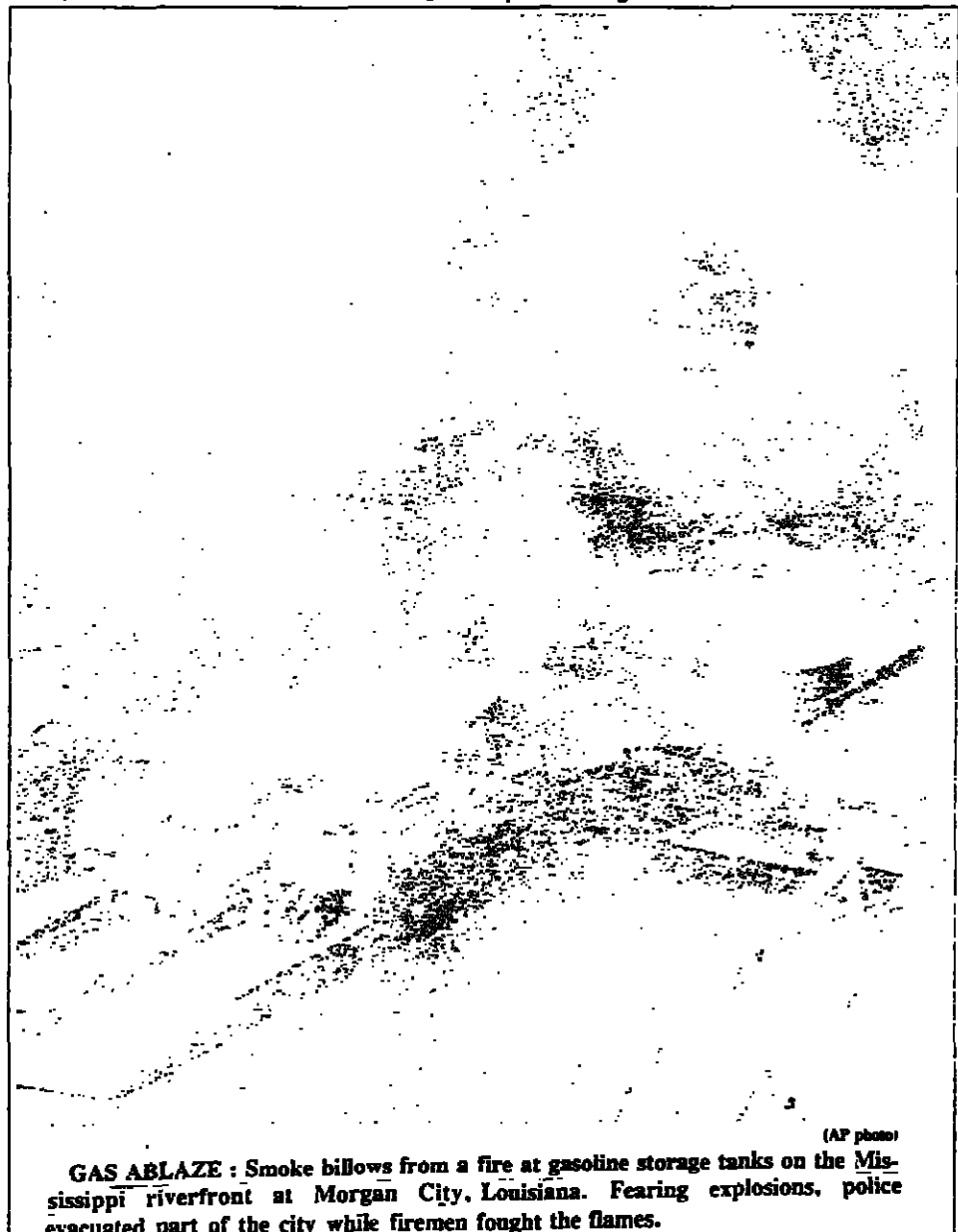
On the Mediterranean coast, tensions were on the rise at the oil terminal at Fos-Sur-Mer, near Marseille, where the navy broke the blockade Thursday night and forced fishing boats to leave the harbor. However, on Saturday, fishing boats re-entered the port under the watchful eyes of the military.

The fishermen have blocked the ports to press their demands for cheaper fuel and to protest economy measures in the fishing industry which threaten to eliminate jobs.

Discussions were underway Saturday between the heads of regional maritime businesses and local government officials in coastal areas. Officials said reports of these meetings would be forwarded to Transportation Minister Joel Le Theule in preparation for Wednesday's cabinet meeting.

Shipping officials said losses from the strike are "incalculable," but there is no question that it is costing millions of dollars a day.

Le Theule, in an interview published Saturday in *Ouest France*, France's largest newspaper, said: "Freedom of traffic in the ports must be assured because it is the most important aspect of our foreign commerce and all of the activities which depend on it."



(AP photo)

GAS ABLAZE: Smoke billows from a fire at gasoline storage tanks on the Mississippi riverfront at Morgan City, Louisiana. Fearing explosions, police evacuated part of the city while firemen fought the flames.

Ancient trees found alive in China

TOKYO, Aug. 23 (AP) — A forested stretch made up of ancient species of trees and other plant life has recently been discovered in Communist China's Hubei Province, the Chinese news agency Xinhua has reported.

"This is the first time China has ever found such a plant community," said Xinhua in an article monitored in Tokyo.

The ancient flora was found in a very deep mountain valley covering 1.25 square kilometers at 1,200 to 1,400 meters above sea level by scientists on an expedition into a central China forest, it said.

The agency reported, "Ancient tree

species include the dove tree, tetracentron, katsura tree, Wilson horse chestnut, Chinese false pistache and euptelea.

"Such rare tree species as the fragrant epaulette tree, toon, and Chinese filbert are also growing here."

"These species originated in the Cretaceous period of the Mesozoic 130 million years back. They disappeared as large glaciers covered Europe and America in the quaternary geological period. However, some of the species survived in China as glaciers in the period only covered part of the continent."